

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
CIVIL MINUTES—
GENERAL

Case No. 8:24-cv-02652-JWH-ADSx Date October 28, 2025
Title BrainGuard Technologies, Inc. v. Vista Outdoor Inc. et al

Present: The Honorable JOHN W. HOLCOMB, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Clarissa Lara
Deputy Clerk

Not Reported
Court Reporter

Attorney(s) Present for Plaintiff(s):
None Present

Attorney(s) Present for Defendant(s):
None Present

Proceedings: SCHEDULING ORDER

This case is set for trial before the Honorable John W. Holcomb in Courtroom 9D, Ronald Reagan Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, 411 W. 4th Street, Santa Ana, California.

I. PRE-TRIAL AND TRIAL DEADLINES

<u>EVENT</u>	<u>DATE/DEADLINE</u>
Jury Trial (Monday at 9:00 a.m.)	Monday, November 2, 2026 5 days
Final Pretrial Conference [L.R. 16] (Friday at 1:00 p.m.)	Friday, October 16, 2026
Hearing on Motions <i>In Limine</i> (Friday at 9:00 a.m.)	Friday, October 16, 2026

<u>EVENT</u>	<u>DATE/DEADLINE</u>
Last Date to Hear Dispositive Motions (Friday at 9:00 a.m.)	Friday, September 4, 2026
Last Date to Conduct Settlement Conference	Friday, July 24, 2026
Expert Discovery Cut-Off (including hearing all expert-related discovery motions)	Friday, June 26, 2026
Expert Disclosure (Rebuttal)	Friday, June 12, 2026
Expert Disclosure (Initial)	Friday, May 29, 2026
Fact Discovery Cut-Off (including hearing all fact-related discovery motions)	Friday, May 8, 2026
Substantial Completion of Document Production	Monday, March 9, 2026
Advice of Counsel Production	Wednesday, November 12, 2025

II. AMENDING PLEADINGS AND ADDING PARTIES

There is no separate deadline for the parties to amend their pleadings or to add parties. Parties who wish to amend pleadings or to add parties shall comply with Rule 15(a)(1) or (2) and, if applicable, Rule 16(b)(4) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as well as L.R. 15-1 through L.R. 15-3 and L.R. 16-14.

III. MOTIONS

A. Schedule and Procedures

Judge Holcomb hears motions in civil cases, through in-person appearances, on Fridays at 9:00 a.m. The cut-off date for hearing motions is the last day on which motions will be heard; *i.e.*, the motion must be filed at least 28 days before

the deadline in accordance with the requirements of L.R. 6-1. ***A copy of every motion-related document filed (including documents pertaining to claim construction hearings in patent cases) must be delivered to the chambers drop box outside Courtroom 9D or transmitted to chambers via FedEx, UPS, or other overnight delivery service (the “Mandatory Chambers Copy”).*** The cut-off date applies to all non-discovery motions except motions directly related to the conduct of trial (*e.g.*, motions *in limine* and motions to sever parties or to bifurcate issues for trial).

The parties are also reminded about their obligation to comply with L.R. 7-3, which requires a Conference of Counsel at least seven days before a party files most types of motions. The Court may deny a motion *sua sponte* if the moving party fails to comply strictly with L.R. 7-3.

B. Motions for Summary Judgment

The Court employs special procedures for summary judgment motions, including the parties’ preparation of a mandatory ***Joint Exhibit*** and ***Joint Statement of Undisputed Facts and Genuine Disputes***. The parties and their counsel are directed to the Standing Order for a full explanation.

The Court reminds the parties that the cut-off date for hearing dispositive motions (*i.e.*, summary judgment motions) is the last day on which motions will be ***heard***, not ***filed***. The Court encourages parties to confer early and often regarding anticipated summary judgment motions and, when appropriate, to file a stipulation and proposed order to set a briefing schedule that provides the parties with more time between filing and opposition, and between opposition and reply, than the one week that is provided under L.R. 6-1, 7-9, and 7-10.

C. Motions *in Limine*

All motions *in limine* (including *Daubert* motions) and other trial-related motions must be filed at least 28 days before the Final Pretrial Conference and properly noticed for hearing ***one week before the date of the Final Pretrial Conference***. Oppositions to motions *in limine* are due 21 days before the Final Pretrial Conference (*i.e.*, 14 days before the hearing on motions *in limine*). Replies will not be accepted.

Counsel shall meet and confer thoroughly, in accordance with L.R. 7-3, in an effort to limit or eliminate the need for such trial-related motions. Memoranda of Points and Authorities in support of or in opposition to motions *in limine* shall not exceed 10 pages. Motions shall not be compound; *i.e.*, each motion shall address only one item of evidence or witness. If common grounds for exclusion or admission apply to multiple items of evidence or witnesses, each motion shall address only one category of evidence or witnesses. Motions *in limine* should not be disguised motions for summary judgment or summary adjudication.

D. Withdrawal and Non-Opposition of Motions

All parties and counsel must comply with L.R. 7-16, which provides as follows:

Any moving party who intends to withdraw the motion before the hearing date shall file and serve a withdrawal of the motion, not later than seven (7) days preceding the hearing. Any opposing party who no longer intends to oppose the motion, shall file and serve a withdrawal of the opposition, not later than seven (7) days preceding the hearing.

Failure to comply with this notification requirement may result in the imposition of sanctions on the offending counsel or party.

If a defendant files a motion to dismiss a complaint and the plaintiff subsequently amends that complaint, then the defendant shall file a Notice of Withdrawal of its motion to dismiss in accordance with L.R. 7-16, without waiting for the plaintiff or the Court to take action on the motion.

IV. DISCOVERY

Counsel shall initiate all discovery other than depositions at least **45 days** before the cut-off date. The Court will not approve stipulations between counsel that permit responses to be served after the cut-off date except in unusual circumstances and for good cause shown.

All depositions must be completed by the discovery cut-off deadline. Counsel shall lodge all original depositions that will be used in trial with the Courtroom Deputy Clerk on the first day of trial.

Counsel are expected to resolve discovery problems without the assistance of the Court. Discovery disputes have been referred to the Magistrate Judge assigned to this case. The discovery cut-off is the last date to **complete** discovery, including expert discovery. It is also the last day for hearing any discovery motion.

If not separately set forth above, the required expert disclosures shall be made **70 days** before the discovery cut-off date.

V. SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES

Counsel must complete a settlement conference under the Court-Directed ADR Program (L.R. 16-15.4) no later than the date set by the Court above. If the parties desire to participate in an ADR procedure other than that elected in the Rule 26(f) Scheduling Report and Order, they shall file a stipulation with the Court. This request will not necessarily be granted.

Counsel shall include in the proposed Pretrial Conference Order a status report detailing what procedure has been followed and the status of settlement efforts. The case may not proceed to trial unless all parties, including the principals of all corporate parties, have appeared personally at a settlement conference and have complied with L.R. 16-15.5.

If a settlement is reached, it shall be reported immediately to this Court as required by L.R. 16-15.7. ***In all cases set for jury trial, the parties must notify the Court, no later than the Wednesday preceding the Monday trial date, of any settlement, so that the necessary arrangements can be made to bring in a different case for trial or to notify the members of the public who would otherwise be reporting for jury duty that their services are not needed that date. Failure to comply with this notification requirement may result in the imposition of sanctions on counsel for one or more parties, or their clients, or both.***

VI. FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE

The Court will conduct a Final Pretrial Conference pursuant to Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and L.R. 16-1 on the date and time listed above. Each party appearing in this action shall be represented at the Final Pretrial Conference and at all pretrial meetings by its lead trial counsel. Counsel should be

prepared to discuss streamlining the trial, including the presentation of testimony by deposition excerpts, time limits, stipulations regarding undisputed facts, and the qualification of experts by admitted resumes. In rare cases where the Pretrial Conference is waived by the Court, counsel must follow L.R. 16-11. This Court does not exempt *pro per* parties from the requirements of L.R. 16.

VII. MATTERS TO BE DISCUSSED AT THE FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE

Counsel shall be prepared to discuss the following matters with the Court at the Pretrial Conference:

- the witnesses all parties intend to call during their respective cases, and the amount of time necessary for direct and cross examination of each witness;
- any anticipated problems in scheduling witnesses;
- any evidentiary issues, including anticipated objections under Rule 403 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, and objections to exhibits;
- jury selection procedures;
- all pretrial motions, including motions *in limine* and motions to bifurcate and to sever (which, as noted above, must be set for hearing at least one week before the Pretrial Conference);
- any disputed jury instructions, and the form of the instructions that will be given to the jury at the outset of the case, i.e., before opening statements and presentation of evidence;
- whether any counsel intends to use any evidence or demonstrative aid in opening statement; and
- motions to exclude witnesses from the courtroom during trial testimony.

If counsel for any party needs to arrange for the installation of their own equipment, such as video monitors, notebooks, or projection equipment, counsel shall notify the Courtroom Deputy Clerk no later than 4:00 p.m. on the Wednesday before trial so that the necessary arrangements can be made.

VIII. PRETRIAL FILINGS

Counsel shall submit carefully prepared Memoranda of Contentions of Fact and Law (which may also serve as the trial briefs) and proposed Pretrial Conference Orders in accordance with the provisions of L.R. 16-4 through 16-7. The form of the proposed Pretrial Conference Order shall be in conformity with the form set forth in Appendix A to the Local Rules.

The filing schedule for pretrial documents is as follows:

A. At Least 28 Days before Final Pretrial Conference

- Motions *in limine* (which, as noted above, must be set for hearing at least one week before the Pretrial Conference)¹

B. At Least 21 Days before Final Pretrial Conference

- Memorandum of contentions of fact and law
- Witness lists
- Joint exhibit list
- Oppositions to motions *in limine* (which, as noted above, must be set for hearing at least one week before the Pretrial Conference)

C. At Least 14 Days before Final Pretrial Conference

- Proposed Final Pretrial Conference Order
- Proposed jury instructions and any objections thereto
- Proposed verdict forms
- Statement of the case

¹ In rare instances, the Court will set the deadline for hearing motions *in limine* for a date other than one week before the Final Pretrial Conference. In those instances, motions *in limine* are due no later than 21 days before the hearing, and oppositions are due no later than 14 days before the hearing.

- Proposed *voir dire* questions, if desired

D. At Least 7 Days before Trial:

- Trial briefs, if desired.

In drafting the Proposed Final Pretrial Conference Order, counsel shall make a good faith effort to agree on, and to set forth, as many uncontested facts as possible. The Court may read the uncontested facts to the jury at the start of the trial.

In drafting the factual issues in dispute for the Proposed Final Pretrial Conference Order, the issues of fact should track the elements of a claim or defense upon which the jury would be required to make findings. Counsel should attempt to state issues in ultimate fact form, not in the form of evidentiary fact issues (*i.e.*, “was the defendant negligent?”; “was such negligence the proximate cause of injury to the plaintiff?”; “was the plaintiff negligent?”; *not*, “was the plaintiff standing on the corner of 5th Street and Spring Avenue at 10:00 a.m. on May 3?”). Counsel may list sub-issues under the headings of ultimate fact issues, but shall not use this as a device to list disputes over evidentiary matters.

Issues of law should state legal issues upon which the Court will be required to rule after the Pretrial Conference, including during the trial, and should not list ultimate fact issues to be submitted to the trier of fact.

Each party shall list and identify its respective expert witnesses, if any. Failure of a party to list and identify an expert witness in the Proposed Final Pretrial Conference Order shall preclude a party from calling that expert witness at trial.

E. Exhibit and Witness Lists

Counsel are directed to prepare their exhibits by placing them in three-ring binders that are tabbed down the right side with exhibit numbers. The spine portion of the binder shall indicate the volume number and shall contain an index of each exhibit included in the volume. The binders are to be prepared with an original for the Courtroom Deputy Clerk, which shall be tagged with the appropriate exhibit tags in the upper right-hand corner of the first page of each exhibit, and two copies for the Court (the “Judge’s binders”). Each binder shall

Case No.	Case Name:
<u>Witness Name</u>	<u>Date Called to Testify</u>
1. John Doe	
2. Jane Roe	

All counsel shall meet no later than **10 calendar days** before trial and shall stipulate to the extent possible regarding foundation, waiver of the best evidence rule, and admission into evidence of exhibits at the start of trial. The exhibits to be received will be noted on the extra copies of the exhibit lists.

IX. COURT REPORTER

At least seven days before the commencement of trial, counsel for the parties shall provide the court reporter with a list of unusual words, phrases, and spellings that may come up during trial. This information should be emailed to Court Reporter Services at ReportersCACD@cacd.uscourts.gov.

X. JURY INSTRUCTIONS

Fourteen calendar days prior to the L.R. 16-2 Meeting of Counsel, counsel shall exchange proposed jury instructions and special verdict forms (if applicable). **Seven calendar days** prior to the L.R. 16-2 meeting, counsel shall exchange any objections to the instructions and special verdict forms. Prior to or at the time of the L.R. 16-2 meeting, counsel shall meet and confer with the goal of reaching agreement regarding one set of joint, undisputed jury instructions and one special verdict form.

The parties shall file proposed jury instructions **fourteen calendar days** before the Final Pretrial Conference. As always, the parties must submit Mandatory Chambers Copies to the Court. In addition, the parties must submit electronic versions (in Word format) to the Court at the following e-mail address: JWH_Chambers@cacd.uscourts.gov.

As noted above, the parties must act jointly to submit proposed jury instructions. The parties must submit one set of agreed upon jury instructions. At the same time, the parties must submit another set of jury instructions containing the instructions upon which the parties disagree and the objections to those instructions. Where the parties disagree on an instruction, the party opposing the instruction must attach a short (*i.e.*, one to two paragraphs) statement supporting the objection and the party submitting the instruction must attach a short statement supporting the instruction. Each statement should be on a separate page and should follow directly after the disputed instruction.

Accordingly, the parties ultimately will submit one document or, if the parties disagree over any proposed jury instructions, two documents. If the parties submit two documents, those documents should consist of: (1) a set of agreed upon jury instructions; and (2) a set of disputed jury instructions along with reasons supporting and opposing each disputed instruction.

Where the *Manual of Model Civil Jury Instructions for the Ninth Circuit* provides a version of a requested instruction, the parties should submit the Model instruction. Where California law applies, the Court prefers counsel to use JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF CALIFORNIA, CIVIL INSTRUCTIONS—(“CACI”). If neither of the above sources has an instruction on the subject, counsel are directed to consult the current edition of O’Malley, et al., FEDERAL JURY PRACTICE AND INSTRUCTIONS. Each requested instruction (a) shall cite the authority or source of the instruction; (b) shall be set forth in full; (c) shall be on a separate page; (d) shall be numbered; (e) shall cover only one subject or principle of law; and (f) shall not repeat principles of law contained in any other requested instruction.

The Court will send a copy of the jury instructions into the jury room for use by the jury during deliberations. Accordingly, in addition to the file copies described above, the parties shall file with the Courtroom Deputy Clerk and shall email to chambers on the first day of the trial a “clean set” of joint and/or proposed jury instructions that contain only the text of each instruction set forth in full on each page, with the caption “Court’s Instruction Number ___” (eliminating titles, supporting authority, indication of party proposing, etc.). This version will be referred to as the “Jury Copy” of the jury instructions.

An index page shall accompany all jury instructions submitted. The index page shall indicate the following:

- The number of the instruction;
- A brief title of the instruction;
- The source of the instruction and any relevant case citations; and
- The page number of the instruction.

EXAMPLE:

<u>Number</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Source</u>	<u>Page</u>
1	Burden of Proof	9th Cir. 12.02	7

XI. JOINT STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Counsel shall prepare a joint statement of the case which will be read by the Court to the prospective panel of jurors prior to the commencement of *voir dire*. The statement should not be longer than three paragraphs. The statement shall be filed with the Court fourteen calendar days before the Final Pretrial Conference.

XII. TRIAL

The Court sets firm trial dates. Counsel shall arrive at the Courtroom *not later than 8:30 a.m.* each day of trial. The Court reserves the time from *8:30 to 9:00 a.m.* to handle legal and administrative matters outside the presence of the jury. The trial will commence promptly at 9:00 a.m. Counsel shall anticipate matters that may need discussion or hearing outside the presence of the jury and to raise them during this period.

The Court is in session with the jury on *Mondays through Thursdays, 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., with a morning and an afternoon break and a lunch recess from approximately 12:00 noon to 1:00 p.m.* In most instances, jury selection is completed on the first morning of trial, and counsel should be prepared to give opening statements and to begin their presentation of evidence immediately thereafter.

All counsel shall observe the following practices during trial:

- All counsel and parties shall rise when the jury enters and leaves the courtroom.
- Counsel shall stand when addressing the Court, including when objecting to opposing counsel's questions.
- When objecting, counsel shall state only "objection" and the legal ground for the objection (*e.g.*, hearsay, irrelevant, etc.). Counsel shall refrain from arguing the legal basis for the objection unless and until permission is granted to do so. Counsel shall instruct their witnesses to refrain from answering a question while an objection is pending.
- Counsel must seek leave to approach the Courtroom Deputy Clerk or the witness and shall question witnesses while standing at the lectern.
- Counsel shall not address or refer to witnesses or parties by first names alone, with the exception of witnesses under 14 years old.
- Counsel shall not discuss the law or argue the case in opening statements.
- Counsel shall address all remarks to the Court and shall not directly address the Courtroom Deputy Clerk, the Court Reporter, opposing counsel, or the jury (except in opening statement and closing argument and during *voir dire*). Counsel must ask the Court for permission to talk off the record in order to speak with opposing counsel.
- Counsel shall not make an offer of stipulation unless he or she has conferred with opposing counsel and believes that the stipulation will be accepted.
- While Court is in session, counsel may not leave the counsel table to confer with witnesses, colleagues, or assistants elsewhere in the courtroom unless the Court grants permission to do so in advance.
- Where a party has more than one lawyer, only one may conduct the direct or cross-examination of a particular witness or make objections with respect to that witness.
- If a witness was on the stand before a recess or adjournment, counsel shall have the witness back on the stand and ready to proceed when Court resumes.

- If there is more than a brief delay between witnesses, the Court may deem that the party has rested.
- The Court attempts to cooperate with witnesses and will, except in extraordinary circumstances, accommodate them by permitting them to be examined out of sequence. Counsel should discuss any scheduling issues with opposing counsel. If there is an objection, counsel shall confer with the Court in advance.

XIII. BENCH TRIALS

Twenty-one calendar days before the trial date, each party shall prepare and serve on opposing counsel copies of the proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. Each party shall review the other party's proposed Findings and Conclusions and make such changes in the party's own proposed Findings and Conclusions as necessary following such review. *Fourteen calendar days* before the trial date, each party shall lodge two copies of its proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law with the Court, also serving other parties if changes have been made. The parties shall be prepared to submit to the Court, and to exchange among themselves, supplemental Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law during the course of the trial.

XIV. WEBSITE

Counsel are encouraged to review the Central District's website for additional information: www.cacd.uscourts.gov.

The Courtroom Deputy Clerk is **DIRECTED** to serve a copy of this Order personally, electronically, or by mail on counsel for all parties to this action.

IT IS SO ORDERED.