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(54) **MOBILE TERMINAL, PROGRAM FOR CONTROLLING MOBILE TERMINAL, PROGRAM FOR CALL-MANAGEMENT SERVER, AND CALL MANAGEMENT PROCESS**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

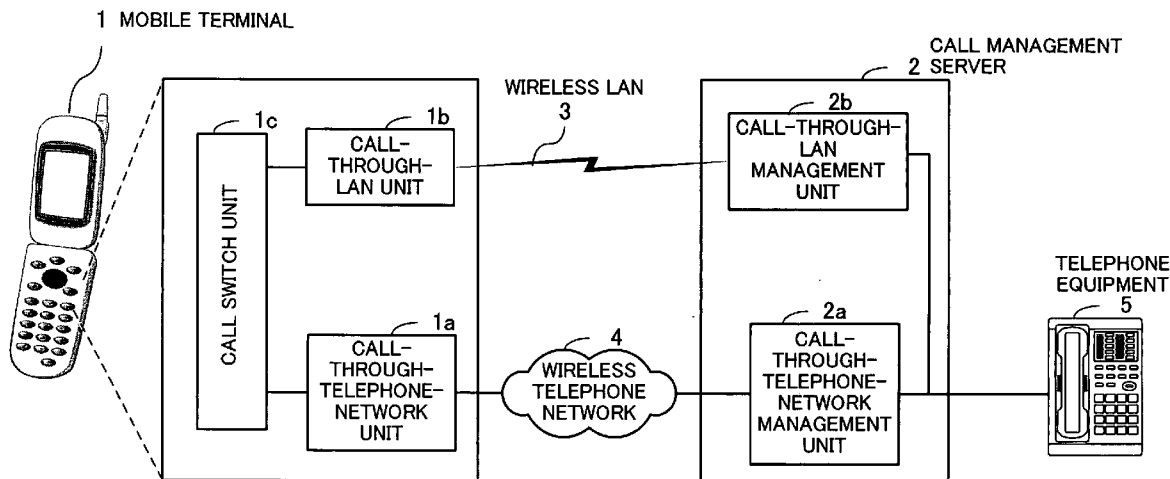
A mobile terminal which can use a plurality of communication mediums enabling a wireless call by dynamically switching between the plurality of communication mediums during a call. When the condition of communication realized by a call-through-LAN unit deteriorates and deviates from a predetermined criterion during a first call through the call-through-LAN unit, the call switch unit establishes a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit, and switches from the first call to a second call through the call-through-telephone-network unit. Thereafter, when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is restored to satisfy the predetermined criterion during the second call, the call switch unit switches from the second call to a third call through the call-through-LAN unit.

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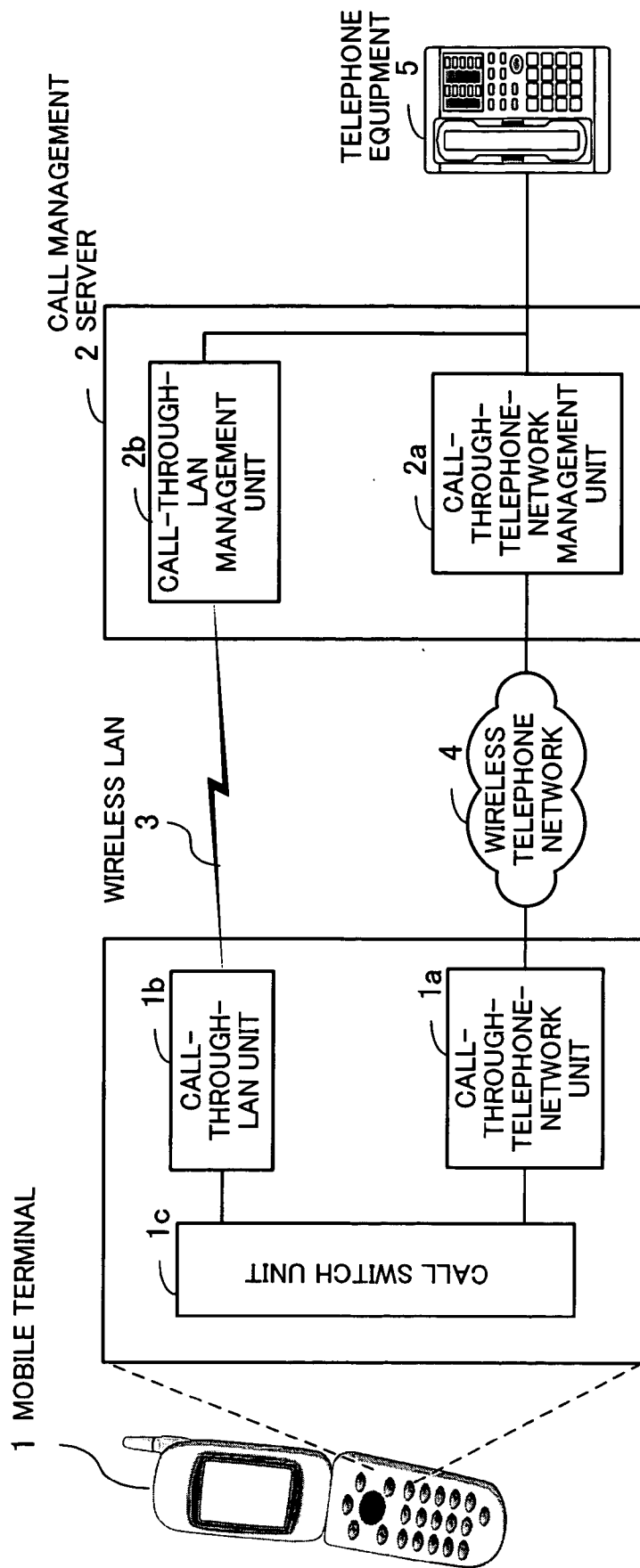


FIG. 1

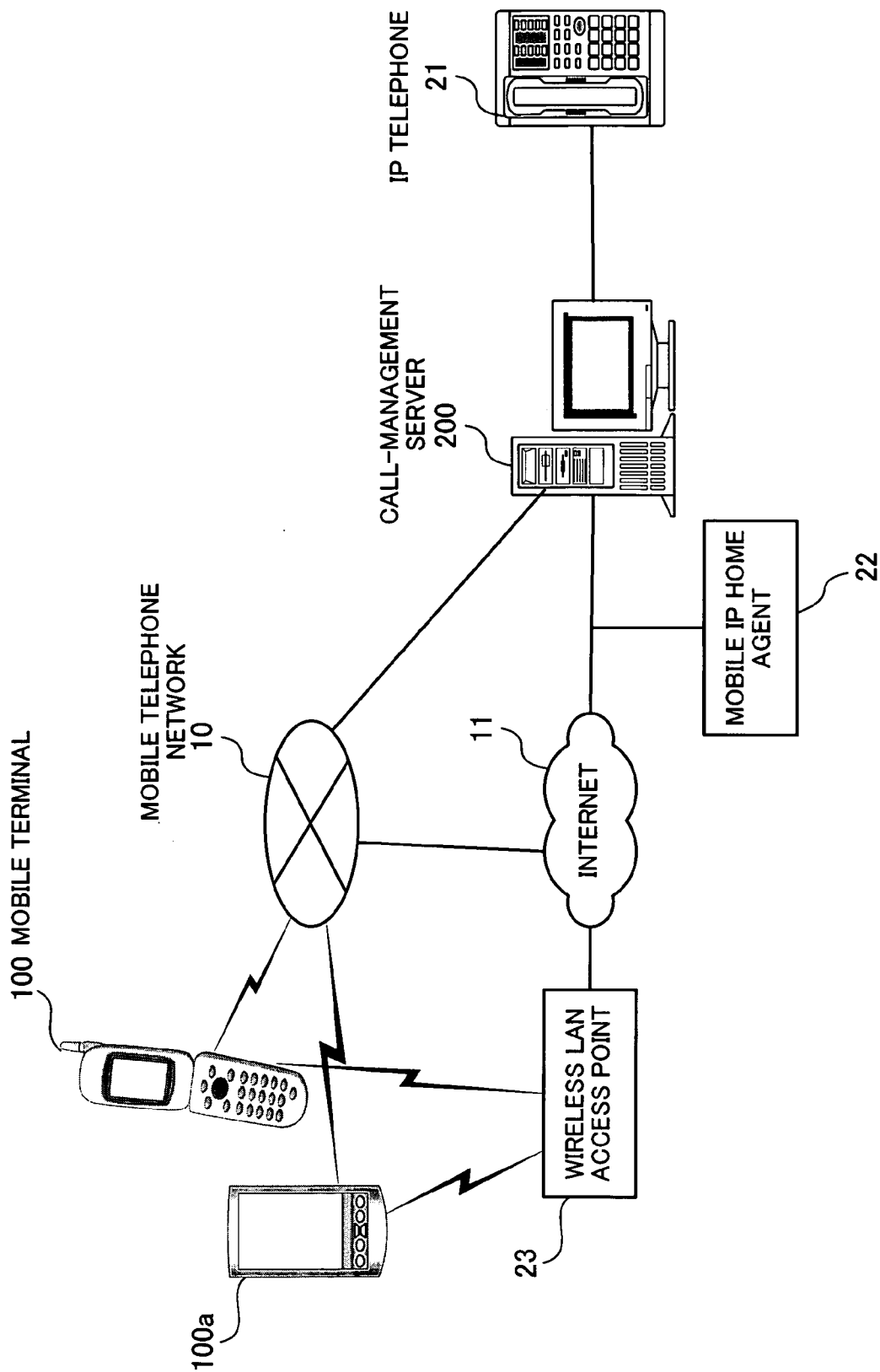


FIG. 2

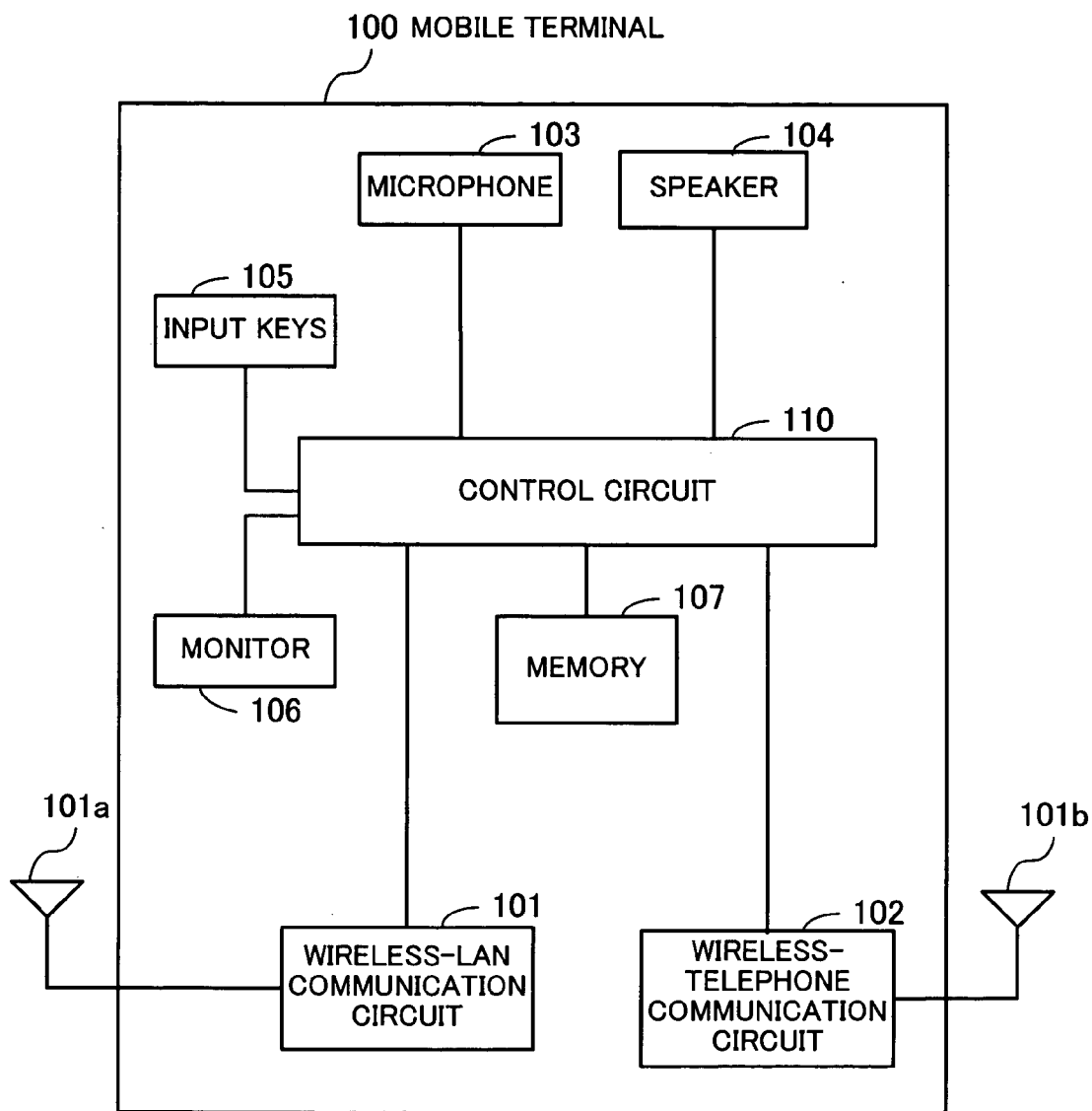


FIG. 3

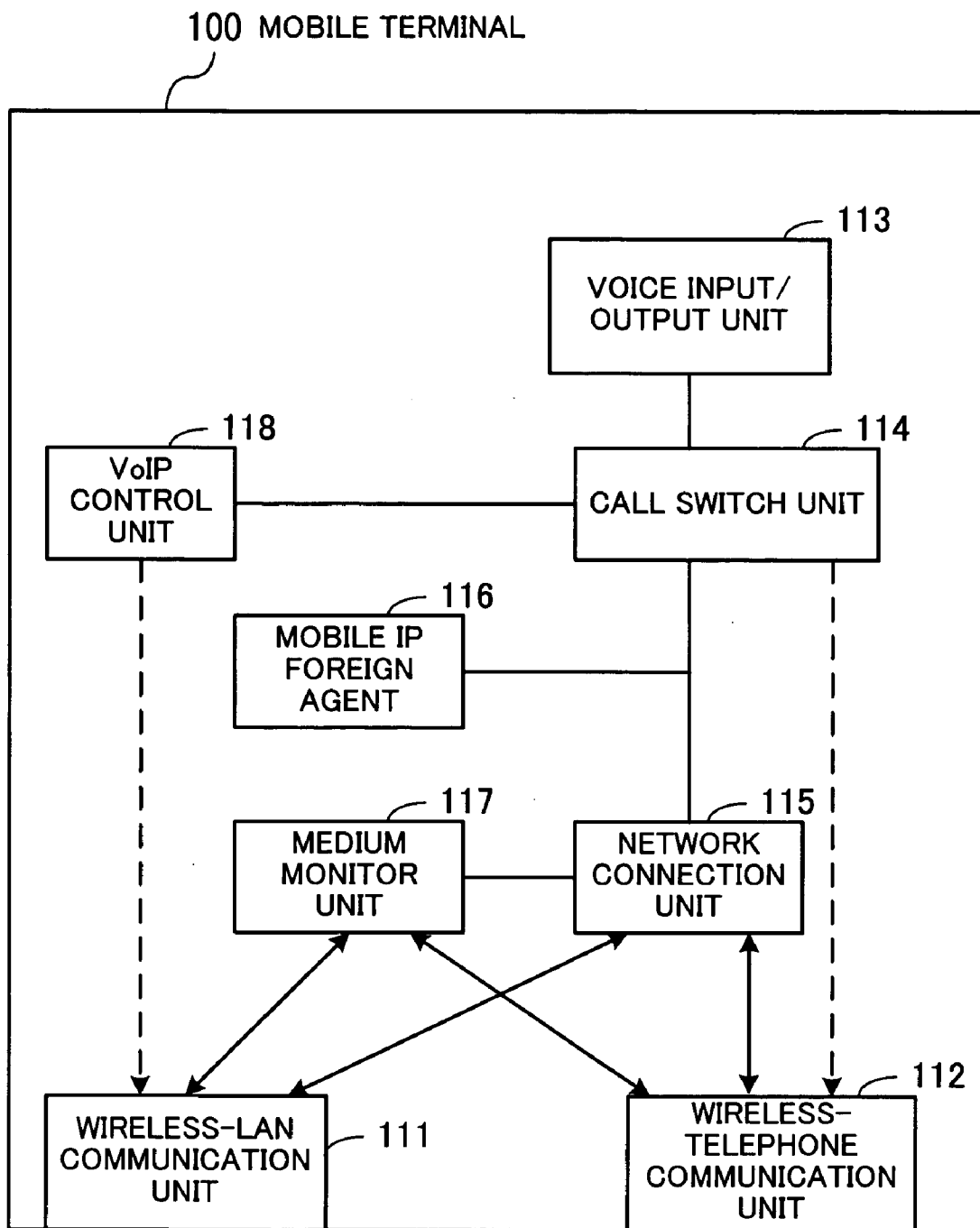


FIG. 4

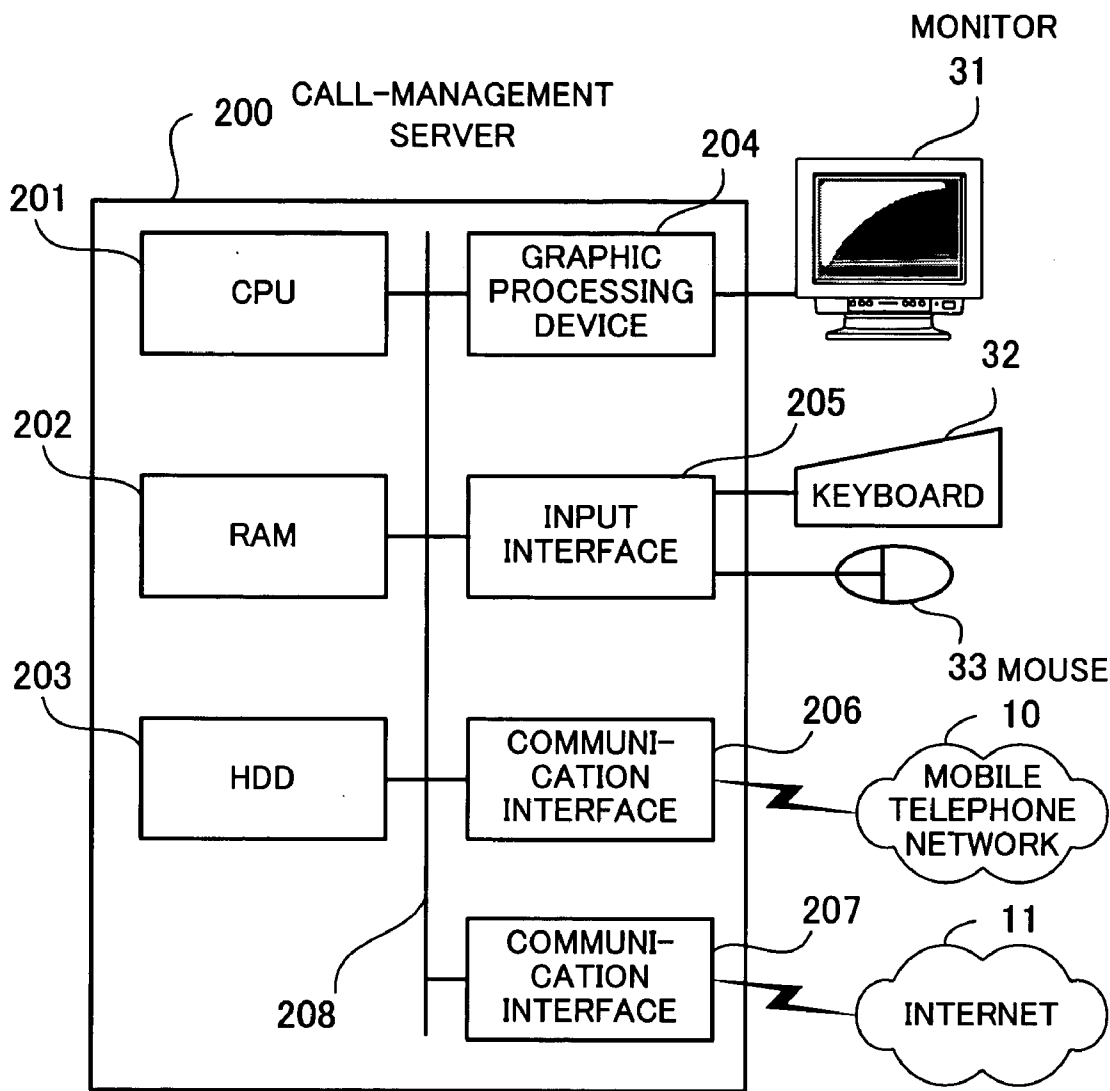


FIG. 5

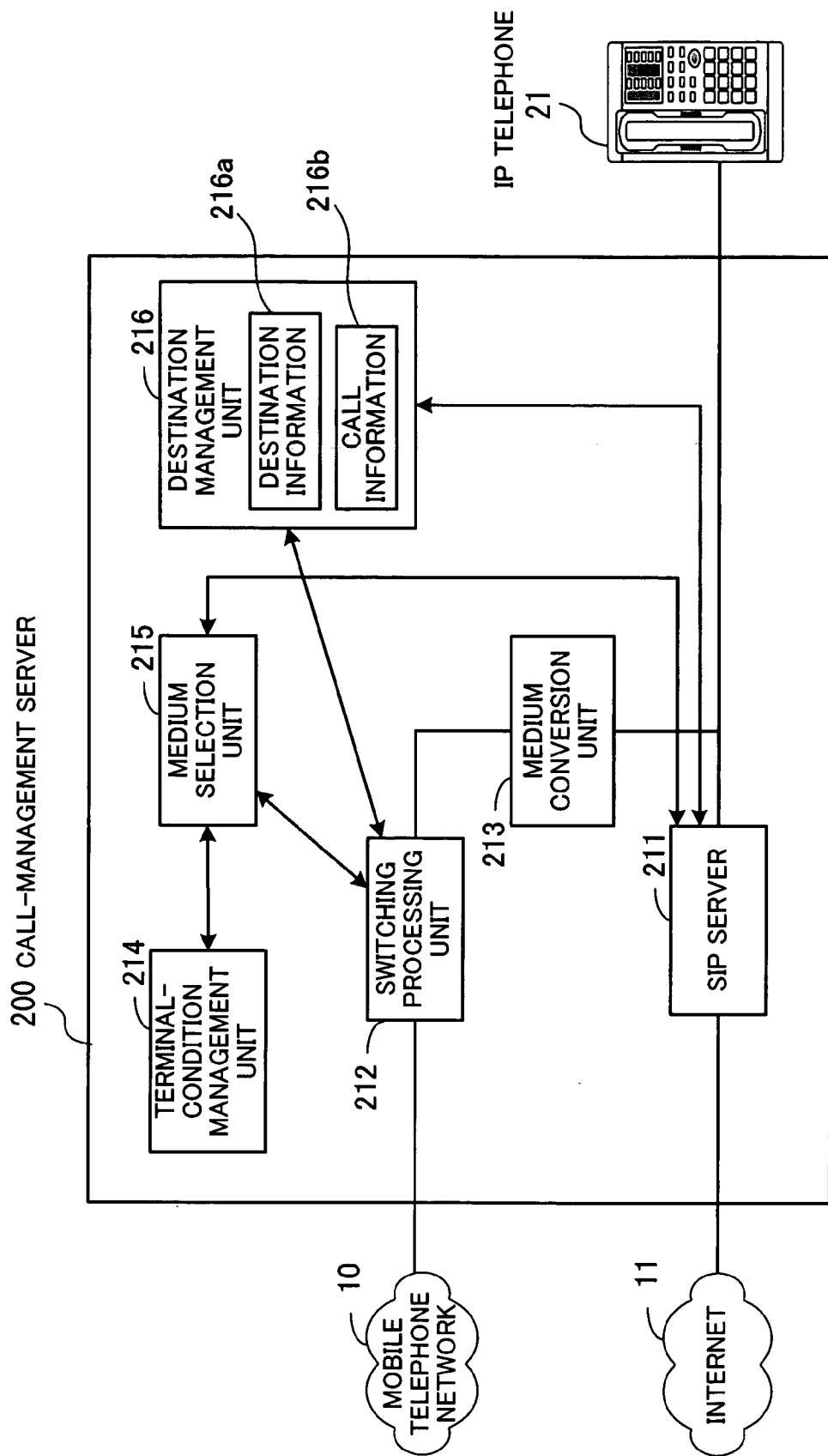


FIG. 6

216a DESTINATION INFORMATION

USER (Virtual ID)	DESTINATION	PRIORITY	CONDITION	IDENTIFICATION OF TERMINAL
USER1@abcd.com	01234567@telgw.abcd.com	MEDIUM	USABLE	TERMINAL 1
USER1@abcd.com	ADDRESS OF MOBILE TERMINAL	HIGH	UNUSABLE	TERMINAL 1
USER1@abcd.com	ADDRESS OF IP TELEPHONE	LOW	USABLE	-
USER2@abcd.com		HIGH	USABLE	-
...

FIG. 7

216b CALL INFORMATION

STATUS OF CALL	DESTINATION	CALLER
ORIGINATING	USER1@abcd.com	USER2@abcd.com
CONTINUING	USER3@abcd.com	USER4@abcd.com
...

FIG. 8

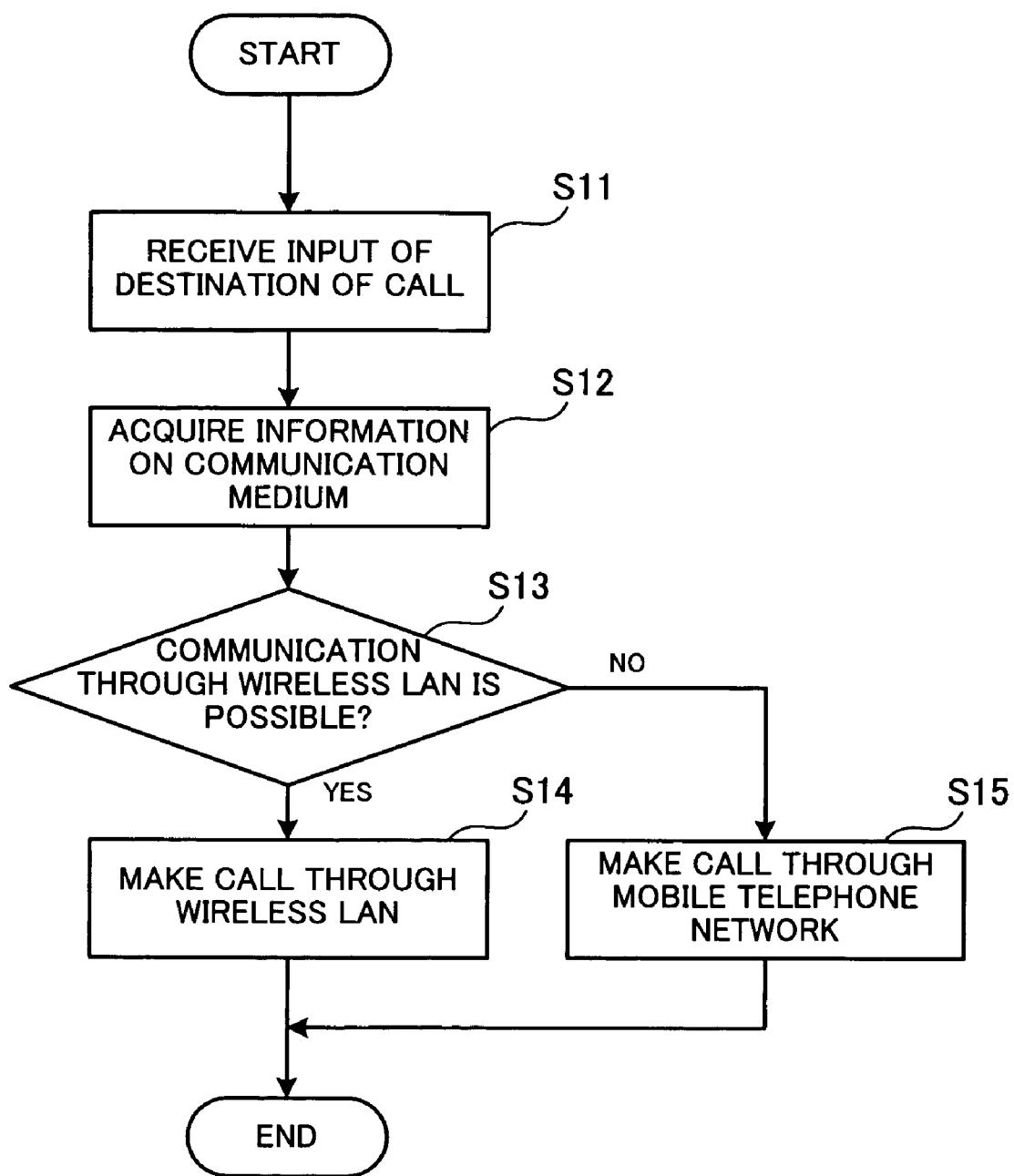


FIG. 9

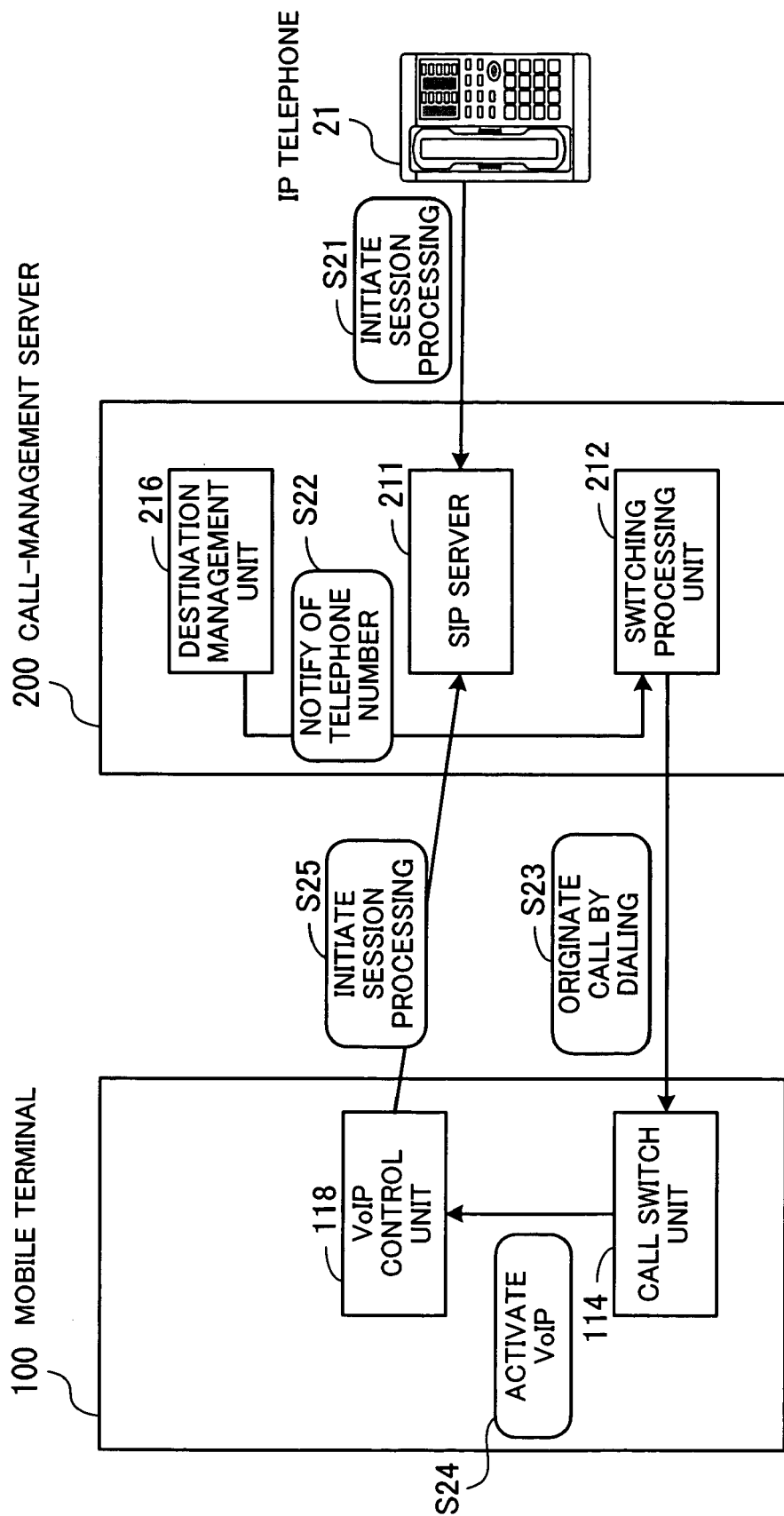


FIG. 10

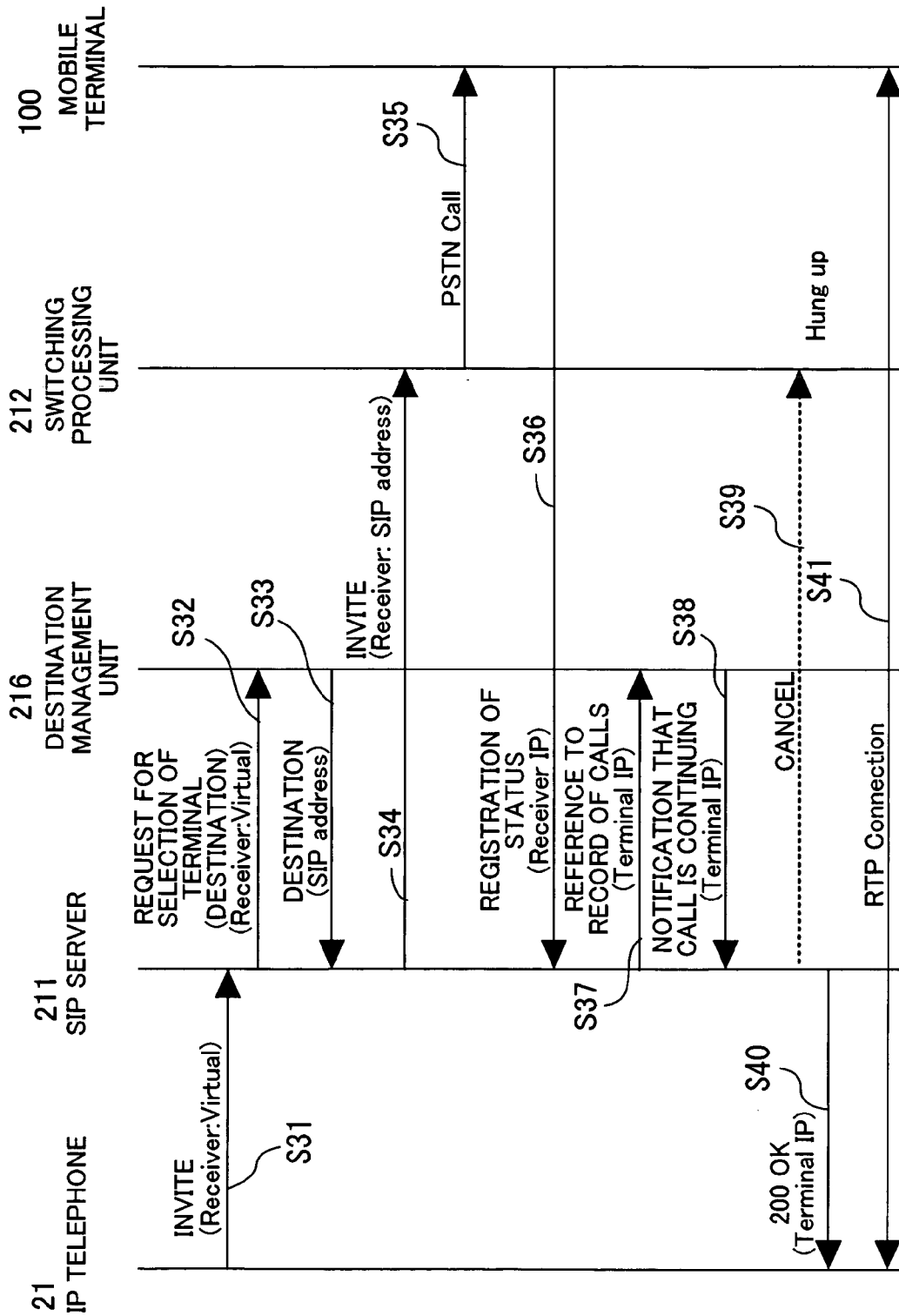


FIG. 11

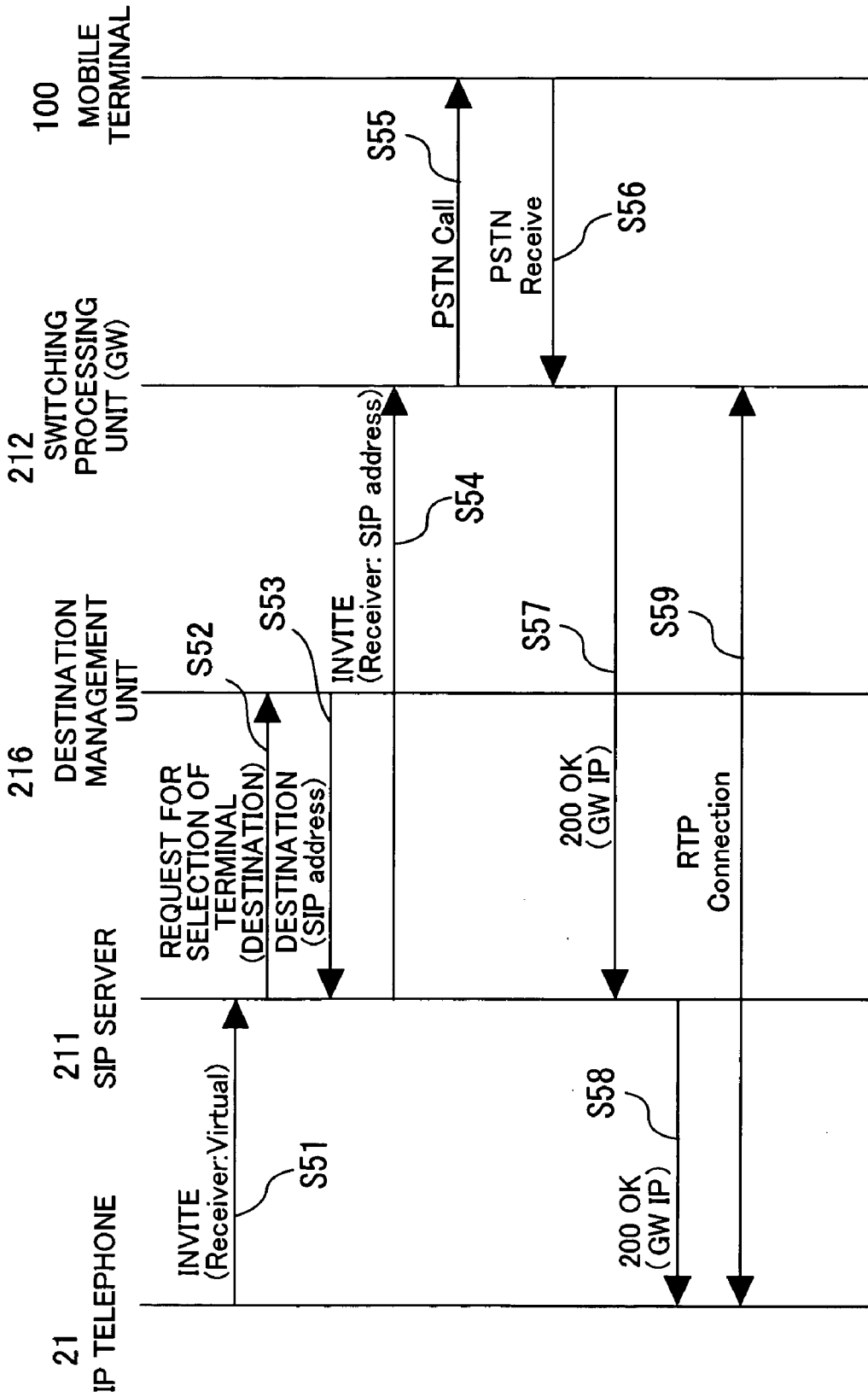


FIG. 12

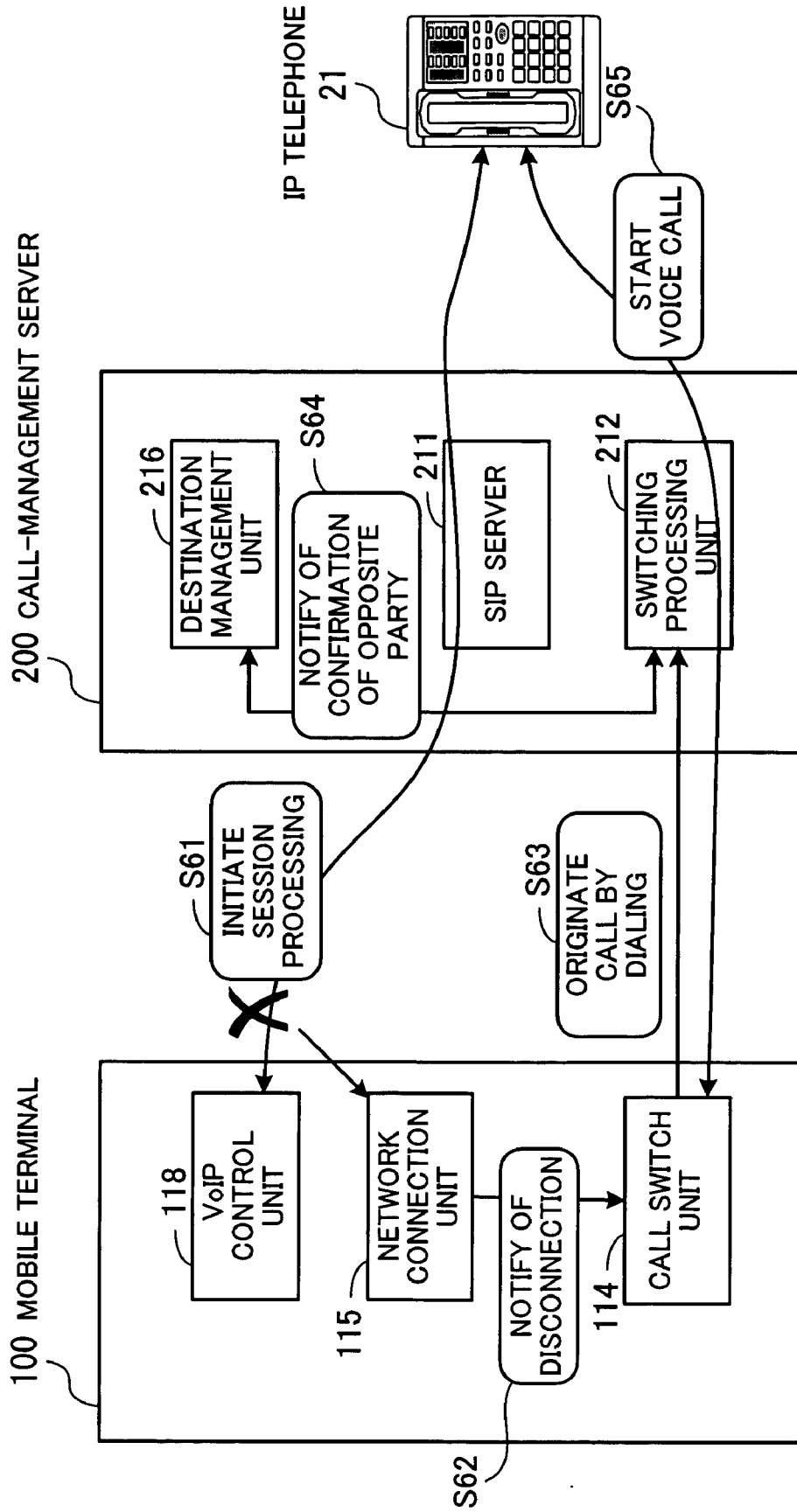


FIG. 13

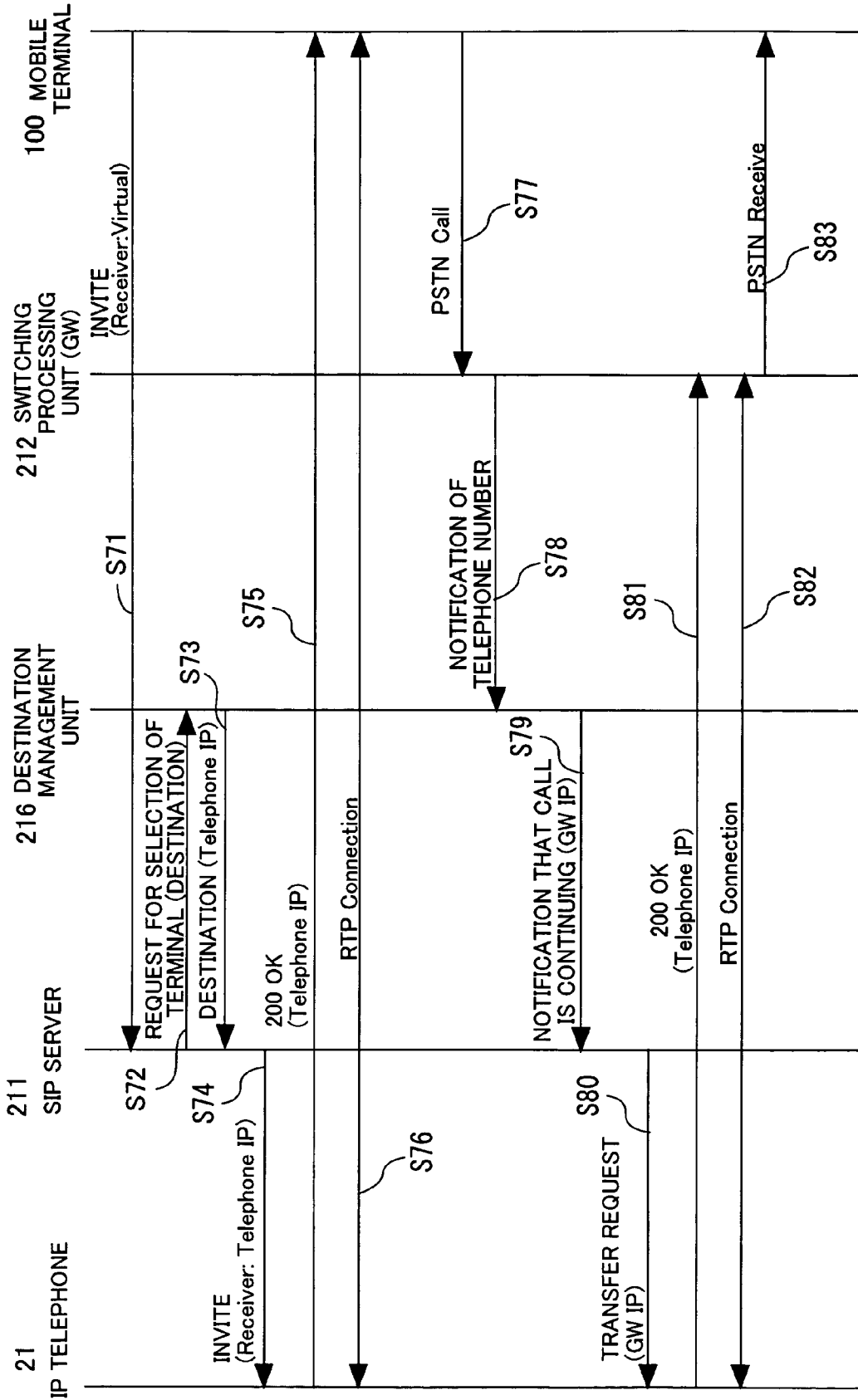


FIG. 14

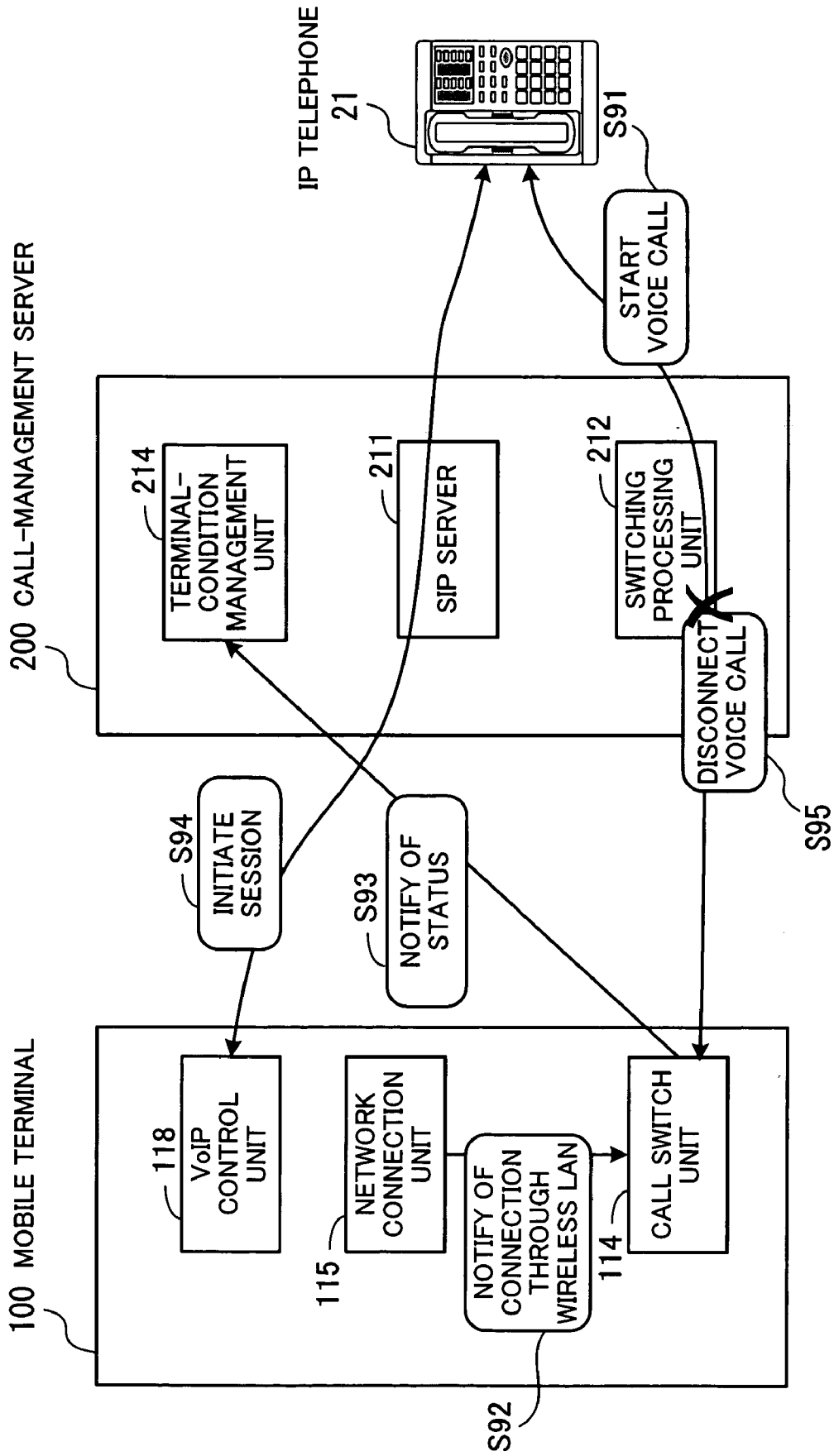


FIG. 15

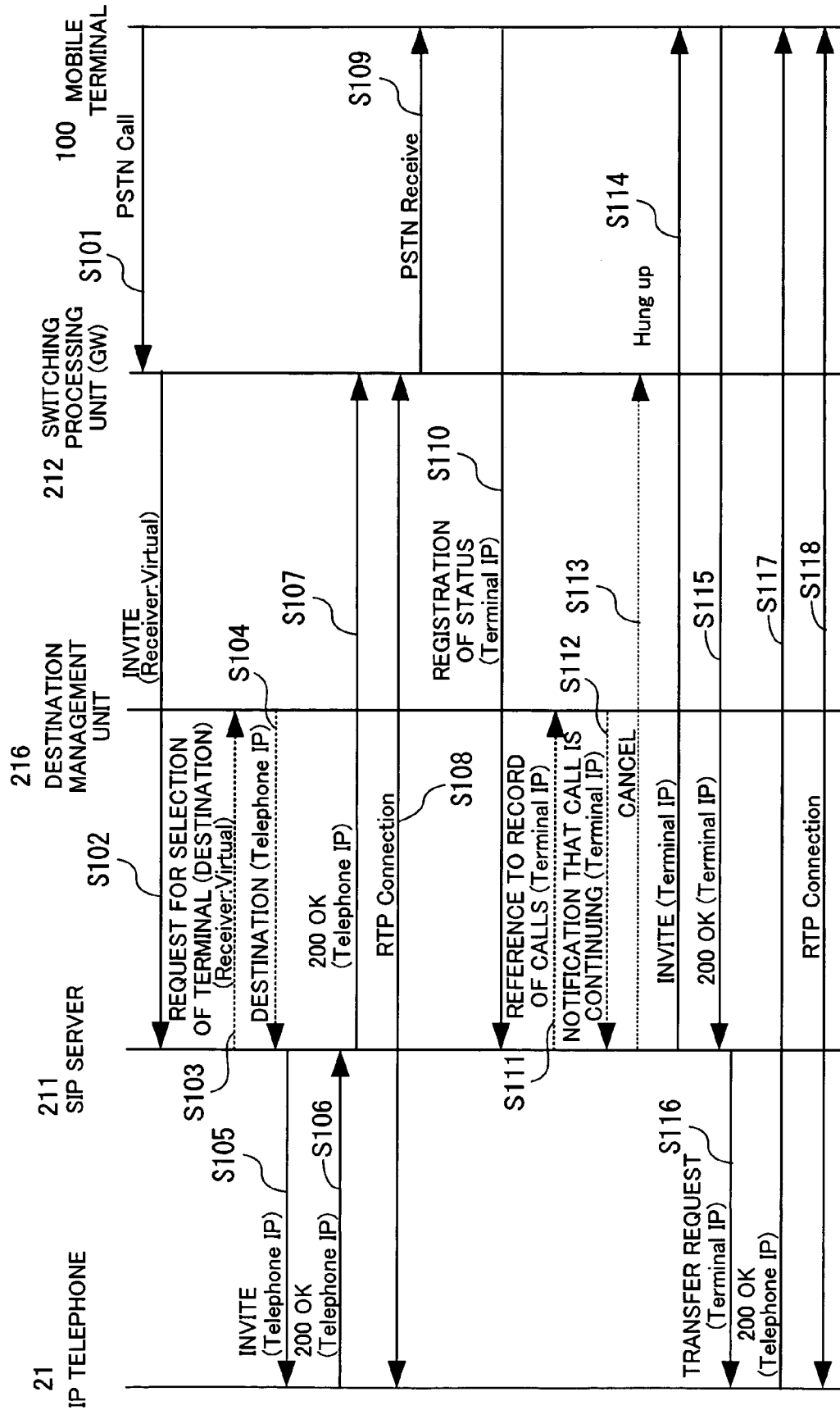


FIG. 16

**MOBILE TERMINAL, PROGRAM FOR
CONTROLLING MOBILE TERMINAL, PROGRAM
FOR CALL-MANAGEMENT SERVER, AND CALL
MANAGEMENT PROCESS**

**CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED
APPLICATIONS**

[0001] This application is based upon and claims the benefits of priority from the prior Japanese Patent Application No. 2004-181575, filed on Jun. 18, 2004, the entire contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] 1) Field of the Invention

[0003] The present invention relates to a mobile terminal, a program for controlling a mobile terminal, a program for a call-management server, and a call-management process for performing wireless communication, and in particular to a mobile terminal, a program for controlling a mobile terminal, a program for a call-management server, and a call-management process which can use a plurality of communication means.

[0004] 2) Description of the Related Art

[0005] In recent years, use of the VoIP (Voice over Internet Protocol) technology for making a voice call through the Internet or an intranet is widely spreading. The VoIP technology enables transmission of voice information and voice calls between terminals by use of data communication protocols in computer networks. Therefore, the VoIP technology can be applied to any networks in which predetermined data communication protocols are used, regardless of whether the networks are wired or wireless.

[0006] Therefore, it is possible to realize wireless IP (Internet Protocol) telephone equipment by implementing in telephone equipment the function of performing data communication by use of a wireless LAN (Local Area Network). The use of the wireless IP telephone enables to make a call in the vicinity of a base station of the wireless LAN. In addition, when a roaming function is implemented, the use of the wireless IP telephone enables to make a call while the caller moves between base stations, for example, as disclosed in Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. 2002-125069.

[0007] Further, the above functions of the wireless IP telephone can be implemented in a mobile telephone used in a mobile telephone network or a PHS (personal handyphone system) network. Furthermore, it is possible to implement the functions of the mobile telephone or a PHS terminal in a personal digital (data) assistant (PDA) having the functions of the wireless IP telephone.

[0008] Moreover, the VoIP technique can be used on a telephone line in a mobile telephone network, a PHS network, or the like. However, the narrow bandwidth of the telephone line is likely to cause a voice interruption or a great delay. Therefore, it is necessary to properly use the VoIP technique in the following manner. That is, the VoIP technique is used in a network having a great bandwidth such as a wireless LAN, and is not used on a telephone line in a mobile telephone network, a PHS network, or the like which has a narrow bandwidth. Normally, one of the VoIP

call function and the call function using a telephone line is selected based on the condition of communication or the like before a call is initiated.

[0009] In the case of the mobile communication, the condition of communication varies with movement of the mobile terminal. Therefore, the condition of communication can deteriorate during a call.

[0010] However, according to the conventional techniques, it is impossible to dynamically switch between the function of the call through a telephone line and the function of the VoIP call through a computer network according to the circumstances so as to smoothly continue a call.

[0011] In addition, when both of the function of realizing the call through a telephone line and the function of realizing the VoIP call through a computer network are on standby in a mobile terminal, the power consumption becomes extremely great. For example, the wireless LAN devices consume more electric power than the mobile telephones. The causes of the great power consumption of the wireless LAN devices are as follows.

[0012] The MAC-layer processing in the wireless LAN devices is performed in accordance with CSMA/CA (Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance), which is different from TDMA (Time Division Multiple Access) in that each wireless LAN device must detect (listen to) signals from other terminals during idling. Therefore, the power consumption in a typical wireless LAN device during idling is as great as 1,150 mW in the case where the transmission power is 1,650 mW and the reception power is 1,400 mW. On the other hand, the power consumption in a typical card-type PHS device during idling is tens of milliwatts. Although a function called PSM (Power Saving Mode), which is a function of suppressing the power consumption of a device by making the device sleep as long as possible during idling, is standardized for the wireless LAN devices, many wireless LAN devices are not implemented with the PSM function.

[0013] As explained above, when the VoIP function of a mobile telephone which is network-connected to a wireless LAN is on standby, the battery in the mobile telephone runs out in a short time. Therefore, it is desired that only one of the function of realizing a call through a telephone line and the function of realizing a VoIP call through a computer network stands by.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0014] The present invention is made in view of the above problems, and the object of the present invention is to provide a mobile terminal, a program for controlling a mobile terminal, a program for a call-management server, and a call-management process for performing wireless communication which are able to use a plurality of communication mediums enabling a wireless call, by dynamically switching between the plurality of communication mediums during a call.

[0015] In order to accomplish the above object, a mobile terminal for making a wireless call is provided. The mobile terminal comprises: a call-through unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless LAN; a call-through-telephone-network unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless telephone network; and a call switch

unit which establishes a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit and switches from a first call through the call-through-LAN unit to a second call through the call-through-telephone-network unit when a condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit deteriorates and deviates from a predetermined criterion during the first call, and switches from a third call through the call-through-telephone-network unit to a fourth call through the call-through-LAN unit when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is restored to satisfy the predetermined criterion during the third call.

[0016] In addition, in order to accomplish the aforementioned object, a mobile-terminal-control program is provided. The mobile-terminal-control program is to be executed by a computer, and makes the computer perform a process for controlling a mobile terminal. The mobile terminal includes a call-through-LAN unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless LAN, and a call-through-telephone-network unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless telephone network. The above process comprises the steps of: (a) establishing a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit and switching from a first call through the call-through-LAN unit to a second call through the call-through-telephone-network unit, when a condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit deteriorates and deviates from a predetermined criterion during the first call; and (b) switching from the second call to a third call through the call-through-LAN unit, when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is restored to satisfy the predetermined criterion during the second call.

[0017] Further, in order to accomplish the aforementioned object, a call-management-server program is provided. The call-management-server program is to be executed by a computer, and makes the computer perform a call-management process for management of calls between telephone equipment and a mobile terminal. The call-management process comprises the steps of: (a) establishing, by a call-through-telephone-network management unit, a connection between the mobile terminal and the telephone equipment through a wireless telephone network when an incoming call from the mobile terminal is received through the wireless telephone network during a call placed between the telephone equipment and the mobile terminal through a wireless LAN; (b) disconnecting, by a call-through-LAN management unit, a first session established with the mobile terminal through the wireless LAN; (c) establishing, by the call-through-LAN management unit, a second session with the mobile terminal through the wireless LAN when information indicating restoration of communication through the wireless LAN is received from the mobile terminal; and (d) disconnecting, by the call-through-telephone-network management unit, the connection between the mobile terminal and the telephone equipment through the wireless telephone network.

[0018] Furthermore, in order to accomplish the aforementioned object, a call-management process for management of calls between telephone equipment and a mobile terminal in a call-management server is provided. The call-management process comprises the steps of: (a) establishing, by a call-through-telephone-network management unit, a connection between the mobile terminal and the telephone

equipment through a wireless telephone network when an incoming call from the mobile terminal is received through the wireless telephone network during a call placed between the telephone equipment and the mobile terminal through a wireless LAN; (b) disconnecting, by a call-through-LAN management unit, a first session established with the mobile terminal through the wireless LAN; (c) establishing, by the call-through-LAN management unit, a second session with the mobile terminal through the wireless LAN when information indicating restoration of communication through the wireless LAN is received from the mobile terminal; and (d) disconnecting, by the call-through-telephone-network management unit, the connection between the mobile terminal and the telephone equipment through the wireless telephone network.

[0019] The above and other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings which illustrate preferred embodiments of the present invention by way of example.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0020] In the drawings:

[0021] FIG. 1 is a conceptual diagram illustrating the present invention which is realized in an embodiment of the present invention;

[0022] FIG. 2 is a diagram illustrating an example of a construction of a system of the embodiment of the present invention;

[0023] FIG. 3 is a diagram illustrating an example of a hardware construction realizing a mobile terminal;

[0024] FIG. 4 is a block diagram illustrating functions of the mobile terminal;

[0025] FIG. 5 is a diagram illustrating an example of a hardware construction realizing a call-management server;

[0026] FIG. 6 is a block diagram illustrating functions of the call-management server;

[0027] FIG. 7 is a diagram illustrating an example of a data structure of destination information;

[0028] FIG. 8 is a diagram illustrating an example of a data structure of call information;

[0029] FIG. 9 is a flow diagram illustrating a sequence of processing performed by a mobile terminal when a call is originated by a mobile terminal;

[0030] FIG. 10 is a conceptual diagram illustrating processing performed when a call is originated from an IP telephone to the mobile terminal;

[0031] FIG. 11 is a sequence diagram illustrating a sequence of processing performed when the mobile terminal is in a standby state, where a VoIP call is made after an incoming call is received;

[0032] FIG. 12 is a sequence diagram illustrating a sequence of processing performed when the mobile terminal is in a standby state, where a call through a mobile telephone network is made after an incoming call is received;

[0033] FIG. 13 is a diagram illustrating processing for switching (roaming) from a VoIP call to a voice call through the mobile telephone network;

[0034] FIG. 14 is a sequence diagram illustrating a sequence of processing for switching (roaming) from a VoIP call to a voice call through the mobile telephone network;

[0035] FIG. 15 is a diagram illustrating processing for switching (roaming) from a voice call through the mobile telephone network to a VoIP call; and

[0036] FIG. 16 is a sequence diagram illustrating a sequence of processing for switching (roaming) from a voice call through the mobile telephone network to a VoIP call.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0037] An embodiment of the present invention is explained below with reference to drawings.

[0038] First, an outline of the present invention which is realized in the embodiment is explained, and thereafter details of the embodiment are explained.

[0039] FIG. 1 is a conceptual diagram illustrating the present invention which is realized in the embodiment. As illustrated in FIG. 1, a mobile terminal 1 and a call-management server 2 can communicate with each other through two wireless communication mediums, a wireless LAN 3 and a wireless telephone network 4. Telephone equipment 5 is connected to the call-management server 2, so that a call can be made between a user of the telephone equipment 5 and a user of the mobile terminal 1.

[0040] The mobile terminal 1 comprises a call-through-LAN unit 1a, a call-through-telephone-network unit 1b, and a call switch unit 1c.

[0041] The call-through-LAN unit 1b has a function of making a call through the wireless LAN 3, and can be stopped when the mobile terminal 1 does not perform communication through the wireless LAN 3.

[0042] The call-through-telephone-network unit 1a has a function of making a call through the wireless telephone network 4, and is on standby for an incoming call when no call is made through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a.

[0043] When the condition of a connection realized by the call-through-LAN unit 1b deteriorates and deviates from a predetermined criterion during a call through the call-through-LAN unit 1b, the call switch unit 1c establishes a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a, and switches from the call through the call-through-LAN unit 1b to a call through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a. When the condition of the connection realized by the call-through-LAN unit 1b is restored to satisfy the predetermined criterion during a call through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a, the call switch unit 1c switches from the call through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a to a call through the call-through-LAN unit 1b.

[0044] In addition, when the call switch unit 1c detects an incoming call to the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a, the call switch unit 1c determines the condition of the connection realized by the call-through-LAN unit 1b. When the condition of the connection realized by the call-through-

LAN unit 1b is outside the predetermined criterion, the call switch unit 1c establishes a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a. When the condition of the connection realized by the call-through-LAN unit 1b satisfies the predetermined criterion, the call switch unit 1c activates the call-through-LAN unit 1b, and establishes a connection through the call-through-LAN unit 1b.

[0045] The condition of the connection realized by the call-through-LAN unit 1b (which is used as a reference for determining whether or not the connection is to be switched) can be determined based on, for example, the intensities of signals received from an access point, to which the LAN is to be connected. In this case, a threshold value of the intensities of signals can be determined to be the predetermined criterion.

[0046] The call-management server 2 comprises a call-through-telephone-network management unit 2a and a call-through-LAN management unit 2b.

[0047] When an incoming call is received from the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless telephone network 4 during a call placed between the telephone equipment 5 and the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless LAN 3, the call-through-telephone-network management unit 2a establishes a connection between the mobile terminal 1 and the telephone equipment 5 through the wireless telephone network 4. In addition, when a session is connected between the call-management server 2 and the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless LAN 3, the call-through-telephone-network management unit 2a disconnects a corresponding connection which has been established between the call-management server 2 and the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless telephone network 4.

[0048] Further, the call-through-telephone-network management unit 2a originates a call to the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless telephone network 4 in response to a request for connection which is transmitted from the telephone equipment 5.

[0049] When a connection is established through the wireless telephone network 4 in response to an incoming call, the call-through-LAN management unit 2b disconnects a corresponding session which has been set between the call-management server 2 and the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless LAN 3. In addition, when the call-management server 2 receives from the mobile terminal 1 information indicating restoration of communication between the call-management server 2 and the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless LAN 3, the call-through-LAN management unit 2b establishes a session between the call-management server 2 and the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless LAN 3.

[0050] Further, when the call-through-LAN management unit 2b receives from the telephone equipment 5 a request for connection to the mobile terminal 1, the call-through-LAN management unit 2b establishes a session between the call-through-LAN management unit 2b and the telephone equipment 5. In addition, when the call-through-LAN management unit 2b receives from the mobile terminal 1 a request for initiation of a session through the wireless LAN 3, the call-through-LAN management unit 2b establishes a session between the call-through-LAN management unit 2b and the mobile terminal 1, and establishes a connection between the telephone equipment 5 and the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless LAN 3.

[0051] In the system having the functions as explained above, when a request for connection is outputted from the telephone equipment 5 during absence of calls, the call-through-telephone-network management unit 2a originates a call to the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless telephone network 4. Then, the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a in the mobile terminal 1 detects the above call as an incoming call, and the call switch unit 1c determines the condition of the connection realized by the call-through-LAN unit 1b. When the condition of the connection realized by the call-through-LAN unit 1b does not satisfy the predetermined criterion, the call switch unit 1c establishes a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a. On the other hand, when the condition of the connection realized by the call-through-LAN unit 1b satisfies the predetermined criterion, the call switch unit 1c activates the call-through-LAN unit 1b, and establishes a connection through the call-through-LAN unit 1b.

[0052] Further, when the condition of the connection realized by the call-through-LAN unit 1b deviates from the predetermined criterion during a call through the call-through-LAN unit 1b, the call switch unit 1c establishes a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a, and switches from the call through the call-through-LAN unit 1b to a call through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a. That is, the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a originates a call to the call-management server 2 through the wireless telephone network 4. In response to the origination of the call, the call-through-telephone-network management unit 2a in the call-management server 2 establishes a connection between the mobile terminal 1 and the telephone equipment 5 through the wireless telephone network 4. Then, the call-through-LAN management unit 2b disconnects a corresponding session which has been established between the mobile terminal 1 and the call-management server 2 through the wireless LAN 3.

[0053] Thereafter, when the condition of the connection realized by the call-through-LAN unit 1b is restored to satisfy the predetermined criterion during the call through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a, the call switch unit 1c switches from the call through the call-through-telephone-network unit 1a to a call through the call-through-LAN unit 1b. That is, the call-through-LAN unit 1b sends to the call-management server 2 a request for initiation of a session through the wireless LAN 3. When the call-management server 2 receives the request, the call-through-LAN management unit 2b establishes a session between the call-management server 2 and the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless LAN 3, and establishes a connection between the telephone equipment 5 and the mobile terminal 1 through wireless LAN 3. Then, the call-through-telephone-network management unit 2a disconnects the connection which has been established between the telephone equipment 5 and the mobile terminal 1 through the wireless telephone network 4.

[0054] As explained above, it is possible to dynamically switch the communication medium for use in a call so that the call through the wireless LAN 3 has high priority. That is, even when the condition of the connection through the wireless LAN 3 varies during a call (for example, due to movement of the mobile terminal 1), it is possible to continue the call through the wireless LAN 3 as long as

possible. Generally, no charge is billed for the calling time through the wireless LAN 3. Therefore, it is possible to save the telephone bill.

[0055] In addition, it is possible to stop the function of the call-through-LAN unit 1b during absence of calls, and start a call through the wireless LAN 3 when an incoming call is received through the wireless telephone network 4. Therefore, it is possible to minimize the power consumption in the call-through-LAN unit 1b during standby, and reduce the power consumption in the mobile terminal 1 during standby.

[0056] Hereinbelow, the embodiment of the present invention is explained in detail.

[0057] FIG. 2 is a diagram illustrating an example of a construction of a system of the embodiment of the present invention. In the present embodiment, a mobile telephone network 10 and the Internet 11 containing a wireless LAN are provided as the communication mediums through which calls can be made. An IP telephone 21 is connected through a call-management server 200 to the mobile telephone network 10 and the Internet 11. The IP telephone 21 has a function of making a VoIP call.

[0058] The call-management server 200 is connected to the mobile telephone network 10 and the Internet 11 performs medium conversion between the telephone line and the VoIP, and transfers call data. In addition, the call-management server 200 establishes and switches connections between the IP telephone 21 and the mobile terminals 100 and 100a.

[0059] A mobile IP home agent 22 is provided on a communication path between the call-management server 200 and the Internet 11. The mobile IP home agent 22 manages the current IP addresses of the mobile terminals 100 and 100a and the like, and relays VoIP packets to be transmitted to the mobile terminals 100 and 100a. That is, the mobile IP home agent 22 performs conversion into the current IP addresses of the mobile terminals 100 and 100a, and transmits the VoIP packets to the mobile terminals 100 and 100a.

[0060] A wireless LAN access point 23 is connected to the Internet 11, and performs communication with the mobile terminals 100 and 100a through the wireless LAN.

[0061] The mobile terminals 100 and 100a each have a function of making a call through the mobile telephone network 10 and a function of making a VoIP call through the Internet 11. When each of the mobile terminals 100 and 100a makes a call through the Internet 11, the mobile terminal performs wireless communication with the wireless LAN access point 23, and establishes a connection between the mobile terminal and the call-management server 200 through the wireless LAN access point 23.

[0062] According to the system having the above construction, it is possible to make a call between the IP telephone 21 and each of the mobile terminals 100 and 100a. Hereinbelow, the embodiment of the present invention is explained by taking as an example a case where a call is made between the mobile terminal 100 and the IP telephone 21.

[0063] FIG. 3 is a diagram illustrating an example of a hardware construction realizing each of the mobile terminals. The entire mobile terminal 100 is controlled by a

control circuit **110**. The control circuit **110** is connected to a wireless-LAN communication circuit **101**, a wireless-telephone communication circuit **102**, a microphone **103**, a speaker **104**, input keys **105**, a monitor **106**, and a memory **107**.

[0064] The wireless-LAN communication circuit **101** performs wireless data communication with the wireless LAN access point **23** through an antenna **101a**. The wireless-telephone communication circuit **102** performs wireless data communication with a base station of the mobile telephone network through an antenna **101b**.

[0065] The microphone **103** passes to the control circuit **110** voice information representing voice inputted by a user. The speaker **104** outputs voice based on voice data outputted from the control circuit **110**.

[0066] The input keys **105** include numerical keypads, and pass to the control circuit **110** a signal corresponding to a key which is pressed down by the user. The monitor **106** is, for example, a liquid-crystal display device, and displays image data transferred from the control circuit **110**.

[0067] The memory **107** stores programs describing details of processing to be executed by the control circuit **110**, data necessary for the processing, and the like.

[0068] Next, functions realized in the mobile terminal **100** which has the above hardware construction are explained below.

[0069] FIG. 4 is a block diagram illustrating functions of the mobile terminal **100**. The mobile terminal **100** comprises a wireless-LAN communication unit **111**, a wireless-telephone communication unit **112**, a voice input/output unit **113**, a call switch unit **114**, a network connection unit **115**, a mobile IP foreign agent (FA) **116**, a medium monitor unit **117**, and a VoIP control unit **118**. These functions are realized by the control circuit **110** controlling the devices around the control circuit **110**.

[0070] The wireless-LAN communication unit **111** performs communication with the call-management server **200** through the wireless LAN or the Internet **11**. In addition, when the call-management server **200** establishes a connection between the wireless-LAN communication unit **111** and the IP telephone **21**, the wireless-LAN communication unit **111** performs communication with the IP telephone **21**.

[0071] The wireless-telephone communication unit **112** performs communication with the call-management server **200** through the mobile telephone network **10**. In addition, when the call-management server **200** establishes a connection between the wireless-telephone communication unit **112** and the IP telephone **21**, the wireless-telephone communication unit **112** performs communication with the IP telephone **21**.

[0072] The voice input/output unit **113** controls voice input into the microphone **103** and voice output to the speaker **104**. Specifically, the voice input/output unit **113** converts a voice signal inputted from the microphone **103**, into a digital signal, and passes the digital signal to the call switch unit **114**. In addition, when the voice input/output unit **113** receives voice data from the call switch unit **114**, the voice input/output unit **113** converts the voice data into an analog voice signal so that the speaker **104** outputs voice.

[0073] The call switch unit **114** activates the VoIP control unit **118** and performs a telephone dialing operation in response to a request from the user for a call. In addition, when the mobile terminal **100** receives an incoming call, and a communication circuit through an interface network is selected, the call switch unit **114** activates the VoIP control unit **118**. Further, the call switch unit **114** switches calls between the wireless LAN and the wireless telephone network according to the conditions of a connection through the wireless LAN and a connection through the wireless telephone network. The network connection unit **115** supplies an instruction for the switching operation to the call switch unit **114**.

[0074] When a connection through the Internet **11** is selected as a connection for use, the call switch unit **114** passes data to the VoIP control unit **118**, and receives data from the VoIP control unit **118**. In addition, when a connection through the mobile telephone network **10** is selected as a connection for use, the call switch unit **114** passes data to the wireless-telephone communication unit **112**, and receives data from the wireless-telephone communication unit **112**. Further, the call switch unit **114** notifies the call-management server **200** of the condition of the selected connection.

[0075] The network connection unit **115** selects a connection for use in a call, according to monitoring information which is supplied from the medium monitor unit **117**, and notifies the call switch unit **114** of type of the selected connection. In addition, the network connection unit **115** supplies an instruction for a specific operation to the wireless-LAN communication unit **111** and the wireless-telephone communication unit **112**. For example, the instruction for a specific operation is an instruction to wait in a state in which the mobile terminal **100** is on standby for an incoming call, an instruction to stop operation, or an instruction to start operation.

[0076] The mobile IP foreign agent **116** supports operations for roaming for LAN connections. That is, the mobile IP foreign agent **116** cooperates with the mobile IP home agent **22** (which is arranged on the network side) for maintaining sessions using LAN connections. Specifically, the mobile IP foreign agent **116** notifies the mobile IP home agent **22** of the position of the mobile terminal **100** on a network containing the wireless LAN. For example, the position of the mobile terminal **100** can be represented by using identification information identifying a wireless LAN access point through which communication is possible.

[0077] A mechanism which enables transparent movement of a terminal on the Internet by use of the mobile IP foreign agent **116** and the mobile IP home agent **22** illustrated in FIG. 2 is standardized as RFC 2002 by the IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force), which is an organization for standardizing protocols related to the Internet. Based on RFC 2002, it is possible to use the original IP address even when the mobile terminal **100** moves to a different subnetwork.

[0078] The medium monitor unit **117** monitors the conditions of the network mediums. That is, the medium monitor unit **117** monitors the conditions of the wireless-LAN communication unit **111** and the wireless-telephone communication unit **112**, and passes to the network connection unit **115** information on the conditions of the connections connected to the wireless-LAN communication unit **111** and the wireless-telephone communication unit **112**.

[0079] The VoIP control unit 118 performs VoIP communication of voice data by data communication through the wireless-LAN communication unit 111. Specifically, when the VoIP control unit 118 receives voice data from the call switch unit 114, the VoIP control unit 118 generates VoIP packets, and passes the VoIP packets to the wireless-LAN communication unit 111. In addition, when the VoIP control unit 118 receives VoIP packets from the wireless-LAN communication unit 111, the VoIP control unit 118 reproduces the original voice data, and passes the reproduced voice data to the call switch unit 114.

[0080] Next, the call-management server 200 is explained below.

[0081] FIG. 5 is a diagram illustrating an example of a hardware construction realizing the call-management server 200. The entire call-management server 200 is controlled by a CPU (central processing unit) 201, to which a RAM (random access memory) 202, an HDD (hard disk drive) 203, a graphic processing device 204, an input interface 205, and communication interfaces 206 and 207 are connected through a bus 208.

[0082] The RAM 202 temporarily stores at least portions of an OS (operating system) program and application programs which are executed by the CPU 201, as well as various types of data necessary for processing by the CPU 201. The HDD 203 stores the OS and application programs.

[0083] A monitor 31 is connected to the graphic processing device 204, which makes the monitor 31 display an image on a screen in accordance with an instruction from the CPU 201. A keyboard 32 and a mouse 33 are connected to the input interface 205, which transmits signals sent from the keyboard 32 and the mouse 33, to the CPU 201 through the bus 208.

[0084] The communication interface 206 is connected to the mobile telephone network 10, and exchanges data with the mobile terminals 100 and 100a through the mobile telephone network 10.

[0085] The communication interface 207 is connected to the Internet 11, and exchanges data with the mobile terminals 100 and 100a through the Internet 11.

[0086] By using the above hardware construction, it is possible to realize the following functions in the call-management server 200.

[0087] FIG. 6 is a block diagram illustrating the functions of the call-management server 200. The call-management server 200 comprises an SIP server 211, a switching processing unit 212, a medium conversion unit 213, a terminal-condition management unit 214, a medium selection unit 215, and a destination management unit 216.

[0088] The SIP server 211 manages communication through the Internet 11 using the SIP (Session Initiation Protocol), which is a communication protocol for setting, releasing, and controlling sessions, where each of the sessions is formed with a series of VoIP messages.

[0089] The switching processing unit 212 performs communication with the mobile terminals 100 and 100a through the mobile telephone network 10.

[0090] The medium conversion unit 213 performs medium conversion (i.e., conversion of data formats)

between the VoIP data format and the data format of information transmitted through the mobile telephone network 10.

[0091] The terminal-condition management unit 214 acquires information on the conditions of terminals (including the conditions of networks) from the mobile terminals 100 and 100a, and manages the acquired information.

[0092] The medium selection unit 215 selects an optimum medium based on the conditions of terminals when a call is originated from the network side. (According to the present embodiment, the connection through the wireless LAN has higher priority.)

[0093] The destination management unit 216 manages destinations of calls (e.g., SIP addresses of respective users). For example, when a call is originated by dialing or VoIP from a mobile terminal during a VoIP call or a voice call through the mobile telephone network 10 to or from the same mobile terminal, the destination management unit 216 requests the SIP server 211 and the switching processing unit 212 to establish a connection so that a three-way call is realized. After the connection realizing the three-way call is established, the connection for one of the two calls is disconnected. Thus, it is possible to prevent interruption of communication with the mobile terminal.

[0094] In addition, in order to manage the destinations of calls, the destination management unit 216 holds destination information 216a and call information 216b.

[0095] FIG. 7 is a diagram illustrating an example of a data structure of the destination information.

[0096] The destination information 216a includes fields of "USER," "DESTINATION," "PRIORITY," "CONDITION," and "TERMINAL IDENTIFICATION." In the field "USER," a virtual ID of a user which has each destination is set. In the field "DESTINATION," information indicating each destination which a mobile terminal of each user has is set. For example, the information indicating a destination is an SIP address (e.g., "01234567@telgw.abcd.com"), an address (e.g., an IP address) of the mobile terminal, an address (e.g., a URI (Uniform Resource Identifier)) of the mobile terminal as an IP telephone, or the like. In the field "PRIORITY," the priority of the corresponding destination is indicated in three levels (high, medium, and low) in the case where there are a plurality of destinations corresponding to a user. A connection corresponding to a destination having higher priority is more preferentially used in a call to the corresponding mobile terminal. In the field "CONDITION," information indicating the condition of a connection through a communication medium corresponding to each destination (e.g., information indicating whether or not each destination is usable) is set. The terminal-condition management unit 214 manages the information indicating the condition of each connection, and updates the information when necessary. In the field "TERMINAL IDENTIFICATION," an identifier for identifying a mobile terminal (e.g., a mobile terminal or an IP telephone) corresponding to each destination is set.

[0097] When the above destination information 216a is referred to, it is possible to determine the identity of a terminal which originates, continues, and receives a call through the wireless LAN and a terminal which originates, continues, and receives a call through the mobile telephone network.

[0098] FIG. 8 is a diagram illustrating an example of a data structure of the call information. The call information 216b is information for management of a status corresponding to each request related to a call (e.g., origination of a call or transfer of a call). The call information 216b includes fields of "STATUS OF CALL," "DESTINATION," and "CALLER." In the field "STATUS OF CALL," the status of a call under control (for example, "ORIGINATING," "CONTINUING," or the like) is set. In the field "DESTINATION," information indicating a destination of the call is set. In the field "CALLER," a virtual ID of the caller (user) who originates the call is set.

[0099] When the system has the construction as explained above, it is possible to continue a call by automatically switching networks at the terminal side according to the circumstances, and dynamically switching between the telephone call function and the VoIP call function in synchronization with the switching of the networks. In addition, it is possible to realize a standby operation for a VoIP call by using a telephone medium such as a PHS network.

[0100] Alternatively, it is possible to distribute the functions of the call-management server 200 over a plurality of servers so that the distributed functions cooperate with each other, instead of arranging the functions in the single call-management server 200.

[0101] In the above system, the following processing is performed.

[0102] FIG. 9 is a flow diagram illustrating a sequence of processing performed by a mobile terminal when a call is originated by a mobile terminal. The processing illustrated in FIG. 9 is explained below step by step.

[0103] [Step S11] The call switch unit 114 receives a destination of a call inputted by a user. Specifically, the call switch unit 114 detects a manipulation of the input keys 105 by the user, and recognizes a destination of a call based on a telephone number designated by the manipulation. In the following explanations, it is assumed that the opposite party is the IP telephone 21.

[0104] [Step S12] The call switch unit 114 acquires from the network connection unit 115 information on a communication medium which is currently usable.

[0105] Specifically, the call switch unit 114 outputs to the network connection unit 115 a request for information on a communication medium which is currently usable. Then, the network connection unit 115 receives from the medium monitor unit 117 information indicating the conditions of communication at the wireless-LAN communication unit 111 and the wireless-telephone communication unit 112. For example, the medium monitor unit 117 passes to the network connection unit 115 information indicating the intensity of a radio wave which the wireless-LAN communication unit 111 can receive from the wireless LAN access point 23 and information indicating the intensity of a radio wave which the wireless-telephone communication unit 112 can receive from a base station of the mobile telephone network 10.

[0106] In the present embodiment, the functions of the wireless-LAN communication unit 111 can be stopped during the absence of communication. In this case, the medium monitor unit 117 confirms the condition of a connection through the wireless LAN by activating the wireless-LAN communication unit 111.

[0107] The network connection unit 115 can determine whether or not communication can be realized through each communication medium (i.e., whether or not to be able to secure a condition of communication which can guarantee a predetermined call quality level through each communication medium), based on information on the intensity of a radio wave transmitted through the communication medium from the opposite party at one of the wireless-LAN communication unit 111 and the wireless-telephone communication unit 112 connected to the communication medium. Then, the network connection unit 115 notifies the call switch unit 114 whether or not communication through each communication medium is possible.

[0108] [Step S13] The call switch unit 114 determines whether or not communication through the wireless LAN is possible. When yes is determined, the operation goes to step S14. When no is determined, the operation goes to step S15.

[0109] [Step S14] The call switch unit 114 initiates a VoIP call through the wireless LAN.

[0110] Specifically, the call switch unit 114 outputs to the network connection unit 115 a request for a connection through the wireless LAN. Then, the network connection unit 115 activates the wireless-LAN communication unit 111, which starts communication with the call-management server 200 through the wireless LAN access point 23.

[0111] Thereafter, the call switch unit 114 activates the VoIP control unit 118, and performs communication through the VoIP control unit 118. Specifically, the activated VoIP control unit 118 uses VoIP, controls a VoIP call, and performs communication with the IP telephone 21. Then, the call switch unit 114 passes to the VoIP control unit 118 voice data of the user which is transferred from the voice input/output unit 113. The VoIP control unit 118 receives the voice data, converts the received voice data into a data format in accordance with VoIP, and passes the converted voice data to the wireless-LAN communication unit 111. The voice data is transmitted through the wireless-LAN communication unit 111 to the IP telephone 21, which outputs the voice represented by the voice data.

[0112] On the other hand, voice of the opposite party inputted into the IP telephone 21 is converted into voice data in the data format in accordance with VoIP, and the voice data is transmitted to the wireless-LAN communication unit 111. The wireless-LAN communication unit 111 receives the transmitted voice data, and passes the received voice data to the VoIP control unit 118. The VoIP control unit 118 converts the received voice data into the original format, and passes the converted voice data to the call switch unit 114, which passes the voice data to the voice input/output unit 113. The voice input/output unit 113 outputs the voice represented by the voice data from the speaker 104.

[0113] [Step S15] The call switch unit 114 initiates a call through the mobile telephone network 10.

[0114] Specifically, the call switch unit 114 outputs to the network connection unit 115 a request for a connection through the wireless telephone network. Then, the network connection unit 115 activates the wireless-telephone communication unit 112. The wireless-telephone communication unit 112 dials the IP telephone 21 through the mobile telephone network 10, and starts communication with the IP telephone 21 through the call-management server 200.

[0115] Thereafter, the call switch unit **114** passes to the wireless-telephone communication unit **112** voice data of the user which is transferred from the voice input/output unit **113**. The wireless-telephone communication unit **112** transfers the voice data to the call-management server **200** through the mobile telephone network **10**. Then, the call-management server **200** transfers the voice data to the IP telephone **21**, which outputs the voice represented by the voice data.

[0116] On the other hand, voice of the opposite party inputted into the IP telephone **21** is transferred to the call-management server **200**, which transmits the voice data to the mobile terminal **100** through the mobile telephone network **10**. Then, the voice data is transferred from the wireless-telephone communication unit **112** to the call switch unit **114**, which passes the voice data to the voice input/output unit **113**. The voice input/output unit **113** outputs the voice represented by the voice data from the speaker **104**.

[0117] As explained above, it is possible to use VoIP, control a VoIP call, and dials a telephone when only a communication medium having a narrow bandwidth such as a mobile telephone network or a PHS network is usable.

[0118] Hereinbelow, processing in the case where the IP telephone **21** makes a call to the mobile terminal **100** is explained below.

[0119] FIG. 10 is a conceptual diagram illustrating processing performed when a call is originated from an IP telephone to the mobile terminal. The processing illustrated in FIG. 10 is explained below step by step.

[0120] [Step S21] When the IP telephone **21** outputs to the call-management server **200** a request for origination of a call to the mobile terminal **100**, session processing in accordance with SIP is started between the IP telephone **21** and the call-management server **200**. In the request for origination of a call, which is outputted from the IP telephone **21**, the mobile terminal **100** is designated by an SIP address.

[0121] [Step S22] The destination management unit **216** in the call-management server **200** searches for the telephone number of the mobile terminal **100**, and notifies the switching processing unit **212** of the telephone number. Specifically, the destination management unit **216** holds in advance correspondence relationships between the SIP addresses and the telephone numbers of the mobile terminals **100** and **100a** which are under the control of the call-management server **200**. Therefore, the destination management unit **216** searches for the telephone number of the mobile terminal **100** based on the SIP address of the mobile terminal **100** designated by the IP telephone **21**, and notifies the switching processing unit **212** of the detected telephone number.

[0122] [Step S23] The switching processing unit **212** originates a call through the mobile telephone network **10** by dialing the telephone number of which the switching processing unit **212** is notified by the destination management unit **216**. Then, the call switch unit **114** in the mobile terminal **100** detects the call from the call-management server **200** as an incoming call.

[0123] [Step S24] The call switch unit **114** activates the VoIP control unit **118** when the wireless LAN is usable.

When the wireless LAN is not usable, the call switch unit **114** continues the voice call through the mobile telephone network **10**. FIG. 10 shows an example in which the wireless LAN is usable.

[0124] [Step S25] When the wireless LAN is usable, the VoIP control unit **118** initiates a session between the mobile terminal **100** and the call-management server **200** in accordance with SIP. Thus, a connection for a call is established between the IP telephone **21** and the mobile terminal **100** by the SIP session, and a VoIP call is made between the mobile terminal **100** and the call-management server **200**.

[0125] Next, details of information exchanged in the processing indicated in FIG. 10 are explained below.

[0126] FIG. 11 is a sequence diagram illustrating a sequence of processing performed when the mobile terminal is in a standby state. In the case of FIG. 11, a VoIP call is made after an incoming call is received. In FIG. 11, exchanges of information between the IP telephone **21**, the SIP server **211**, the destination management unit **216**, the switching processing unit **212**, and the mobile terminal **100** are indicated. The processing illustrated in FIG. 11 is explained below step by step.

[0127] [Step S31] The VoIP control unit **118** outputs to the SIP server **211** a request for initiation of a session (INVITE).

[0128] [Step S32] The SIP server **211** sends to the destination management unit **216** a request for selection of a terminal (destination). In the request, a user corresponding to the destination is designated by a virtual ID.

[0129] When the destination management unit **216** receives the request for selection, the destination management unit **216** selects the destination of the mobile terminal by referring to the destination information **216a**. Specifically, at least one destination corresponding to the designated virtual ID and having the condition of the connection "USABLE" is extracted, and a destination having the highest priority is selected from among the at least one extracted destination. In this example, it is assumed that the SIP address of the mobile terminal **100** on the mobile telephone network **10** is selected as the destination. After the destination is selected, the destination management unit **216** registers, as a new record in the call information **216b**, information on the selected destination, the caller, and the status of the call "ORIGINATING."

[0130] [Step S33] The destination management unit **216** passes to the SIP server **211** information on the selected destination (including the SIP address of the mobile terminal **100**).

[0131] [Step S34] The SIP server **211** outputs to the switching processing unit **212** a request for initiation of a session (INVITE), in which the destination outputted from the destination management unit **216** is designated.

[0132] [Step S35] The switching processing unit **212** converts the SIP address received from the SIP server **211**, into a telephone number, and originates a PSTN (Public Switched Telephone Network) call to the mobile terminal **100** by dialing.

[0133] [Step S36] The mobile terminal **100** recognizes the call originated by the switching processing unit **212**, and detects the condition of the radio wave in the wireless LAN.

When the condition of the radio wave is sufficiently good to perform communication, the mobile terminal **100** transmits to the SIP server **211** a request for registration of the status, where the SIP address of the mobile terminal **100** is included in the request.

[0134] [Step S37] The SIP server **211** outputs to the destination management unit **216** a request for reference to a record of calls, where the SIP address of the mobile terminal **100** is designated in the request.

[0135] [Step S38] The destination management unit **216** refers to the call information **216b**, detects that a call to the mobile terminal **100** is being currently originated, and notifies the SIP server **211** that a call is currently continuing.

[0136] [Step S39] The SIP server **211** instructs the switching processing unit **212** to cancel the originated call. Thus, the switching processing unit **212** stops the origination of (i.e., hangs up) the call to the mobile terminal **100** through the mobile telephone network **10**.

[0137] [Step S40] The SIP server **211** transmits to the IP telephone **21** a notification of completion of connection, where the notification contains the IP address of the mobile terminal **100**.

[0138] [Step S41] The IP telephone **21** establishes a connection with the mobile terminal **100**, and makes a call.

[0139] FIG. 12 is a sequence diagram illustrating a sequence of processing performed when the mobile terminal is in a standby state. In the case of FIG. 12, a call through a mobile telephone network is made after an incoming call is received. In FIG. 12, exchanges of information between the IP telephone **21**, the SIP server **211**, the destination management unit **216**, the switching processing unit **212**, and the mobile terminal **100** are indicated. The processing illustrated in FIG. 11 is explained below step by step.

[0140] [Step S51] The VoIP control unit **118** outputs to the SIP server **211** a request for initiation of a session (INVITE).

[0141] [Step S52] The SIP server **211** sends to the destination management unit **216** a request for selection of a terminal (destination). In the request, a user corresponding to the destination is designated by a virtual ID.

[0142] When the destination management unit **216** receives the request for selection, the destination management unit **216** selects the destination of the mobile terminal by referring to the destination information **216a**. In this example, it is assumed that the SIP address of the mobile terminal **100** on the mobile telephone network **10** is selected as the destination. After the destination is selected, the destination management unit **216** registers, as a new record in the call information **216b**, information on the selected destination, the caller, and the status of the call "ORIGINATING."

[0143] [Step S53] The destination management unit **216** passes to the SIP server **211** information on the selected destination (including the SIP address of the mobile terminal **100**).

[0144] [Step S54] The SIP server **211** outputs to the switching processing unit **212** a request for initiation of a session (INVITE), in which the destination outputted from the destination management unit **216** is designated.

[0145] [Step S55] The switching processing unit **212** converts the SIP address received from the SIP server **211**, into a telephone number, and originates a PSTN call to the mobile terminal **100** by dialing.

[0146] [Step S56] The mobile terminal **100** recognizes the call originated by the switching processing unit **212**, and detects the condition of the radio wave in the wireless LAN. At this time, the mobile terminal **100** detects that the condition of the radio wave is not sufficiently good to perform communication (i.e., connection through the wireless LAN is impossible), and transmits a PSTN response ("PSTN receive") to the switching processing unit **212**.

[0147] [Step S57] The switching processing unit **212** transmits to the SIP server **211** a notification of completion of connection, where the notification contains the IP address of the switching processing unit **212**.

[0148] [Step S58] The SIP server **211** transmits to the IP telephone **21** a notification of completion of connection, where the notification contains the IP address of the switching processing unit **212**.

[0149] [Step S59] A connection is established between the IP telephone **21** and the switching processing unit **212**. Thus, a call between the IP telephone **21** and the mobile terminal **100** through the switching processing unit **212** becomes possible.

[0150] As explained before, when a VoIP call is started, the switching processing unit **212** in the call-management server **200** stops the operation for originating a call. Therefore, no call occurs through the mobile telephone network **10**, and no telephone bill according to the calling time occurs.

[0151] Alternatively, in the case where correspondence relationships between SIP addresses and telephone numbers of opposite parties are held in advance in the mobile terminal **100**, the mobile terminal **100** can access the IP telephone **21** as the opposite party, directly or through another ordinary SIP server, without being relayed by the call-management server **200**.

[0152] In addition, the call switch unit **114** can transmit to the switching processing unit **212** information on a usable communication medium in response to the operation of originating a call performed in step S23. In this case, when the wireless LAN is usable, the SIP server **211** originates a VoIP call to the mobile terminal **100**.

[0153] As explained above, it is possible to place a call between the mobile terminal **100** and the IP telephone **21**. A change can occur in the usable communication medium. When a change occurs in the usable communication medium during a call, the call switch unit **114** receives from the network connection unit **115** a notification of a usable communication medium. Then, according to the notification of the usable communication medium, the call switch unit **114** initiates a call through the wireless LAN by activating the VoIP control unit **118**, or a call through the mobile telephone network **10** by telephone dialing.

[0154] When calls are switched, the call-management server **200** temporarily realizes an arrangement for a three-way call during the above operation by the call switch unit **114**.

[0155] In addition, the mobile IP technology is used for switching networks between wireless LANs and wired LANs. Therefore, when viewed from an application, it is possible to maintain a call without changing an IP address.

[0156] Next, switching (roaming) from a VoIP call to a voice call through the mobile telephone network **10** is explained below.

[0157] FIG. 13 is a diagram illustrating processing for switching (roaming) from a VoIP call to a voice call through the mobile telephone network. The processing illustrated in FIG. 13 is explained below step by step.

[0158] [Step S61] After an SIP session is initiated between the mobile terminal **100** and the IP telephone **21**, a VoIP call is started.

[0159] [Step S62] Thereafter, when communication through the wireless LAN becomes impossible (for example, when the condition of the communication deviates from a predetermined criterion), the network connection unit **115** notifies the call switch unit **114** of the condition of the communication.

[0160] [Step S63] The call switch unit **114** originates a call to the switching processing unit **212** in the call-management server **200** by dialing.

[0161] [Step S64] The call-management server **200** confirms that the opposite party of the originated call is identical to the opposite end of the session, and notifies the switching processing unit **212** of the result of the confirmation. Specifically, the destination management unit **216** detects that the mobile terminal **100** has dialed the call-management server **200** during the VoIP call between the IP telephone **21** and the mobile terminal **100**.

[0162] [Step S65] The switching processing unit **212** realizes a voice call through the mobile telephone network **10** while the VoIP call which has already been established still continues. Thereafter, the SIP server **211** disconnects the session which has been established through the Internet **11** between the mobile terminal **100** and the call-management server **200**.

[0163] FIG. 14 is a sequence diagram illustrating a sequence of processing for switching (roaming) from a VoIP call to a voice call through the mobile telephone network. In FIG. 14, exchanges of information between the IP telephone **21**, the SIP server **211**, the destination management unit **216**, the switching processing unit **212**, and the mobile terminal **100** are indicated. The processing illustrated in FIG. 14 is explained below step by step.

[0164] [Step S71] The mobile terminal **100** outputs to the SIP server **211** a request for initiation of a session (INVITE). In the request, the virtual ID of the IP telephone **21** is designated as the destination.

[0165] [Step S72] The SIP server **211** sends to the destination management unit **216** a request for selection of a destination. The destination management unit **216** selects a destination corresponding to the mobile terminal by referring to the destination information **216a**. In this example, it is assumed that the SIP address of the IP telephone **21** is selected as the destination corresponding to the mobile terminal. After the destination is selected, the destination management unit **216** registers, as a new record in the call

information **216b**, information on the selected destination, the caller, and the status of the call "ORIGINATING."

[0166] [Step S73] The destination management unit **216** passes to the SIP server **211** information on the selected destination (including the SIP address of the IP telephone **21**).

[0167] [Step S74] The SIP server **211** outputs to the IP telephone **21** a request for initiation of a session (INVITE), in which the destination outputted from the destination management unit **216** is designated.

[0168] [Step S75] The IP telephone **21** transmits to the mobile terminal **100** a notification of completion of session connection.

[0169] [Step S76] A VoIP call between the mobile terminal **100** and the IP telephone **21** is started.

[0170] [Step S77] Thereafter, the mobile terminal **100** detects the condition of the radio wave. When the mobile terminal **100** determines that use of the wireless LAN is impossible, the mobile terminal **100** originates a PSTN call to the switching processing unit **212** by dialing.

[0171] [Step S78] The switching processing unit **212** notifies the destination management unit **216** of the telephone number of the destination.

[0172] [Step S79] The destination management unit **216** refers to the call information **216b**, detects that a call to the IP telephone **21** is originated during another call. Then, the destination management unit **216** notifies the SIP server **211** of the IP address of the switching processing unit **212** and the fact that another call is currently continuing.

[0173] [Step S80] The SIP server **211** transmits to the IP telephone **21** a transfer request in which the IP address of the switching processing unit **212** is designated.

[0174] [Step S81] The IP telephone **21** transmits to the switching processing unit **212** a notification of completion of session connection, where the IP address of the IP telephone **21** is designated in the notification.

[0175] [Step S82] A connection for originated call is established between the IP telephone **21** and the switching processing unit **212**.

[0176] [Step S83] The switching processing unit **212** returns to the mobile terminal **100** a response to the origination of the call by dialing, and establishes a connection through the mobile telephone network **10**. Thus, a call between the IP telephone **21** and the mobile terminal **100** becomes possible.

[0177] Next, switching (roaming) from a voice call through the mobile telephone network to a VoIP call is explained below.

[0178] FIG. 15 is a diagram illustrating processing for switching (roaming) from a voice call through the mobile telephone network to a VoIP call. The processing illustrated in FIG. 15 is explained below step by step.

[0179] [Step S91] A voice call between the mobile terminal **100** and the IP telephone **21** is started.

[0180] [Step S92] Thereafter, when the condition of communication between the mobile terminal **100** and the wireless LAN access point **23** is restored, the network connection

unit **115** notifies the call switch unit **114** that a network connection is established through the wireless LAN.

[0181] [Step S93] The call switch unit **114** in the mobile terminal **100** notifies the terminal-condition management unit **214** in the call-management server **200** of the establishment of the connection through the wireless LAN.

[0182] [Step S94] The SIP server **211** initiates an SIP session between the IP telephone **21** and the mobile terminal **100**. When an SIP session which has been on hold exists, the SIP server **211** revives the SIP session which has been on hold.

[0183] [Step S95] The switching processing unit **212** disconnects the connection for the voice call through the mobile telephone network **10**.

[0184] FIG. 16 is a sequence diagram illustrating a sequence of processing for switching (roaming) from a voice call through the mobile telephone network to a VoIP call. In FIG. 16, exchanges of information between the IP telephone **21**, the SIP server **211**, the destination management unit **216**, the switching processing unit **212**, and the mobile terminal **100** are indicated. The processing illustrated in FIG. 16 is explained below step by step.

[0185] [Step S101] The mobile terminal **100** originates a PSTN call to the switching processing unit **212** by dialing.

[0186] [Step S102] The switching processing unit **212** notifies the SIP server **211** of a virtual ID of the destination.

[0187] [Step S103] The SIP server **211** outputs to the destination management unit **216** a request for selection of a destination. The destination management unit **216** refers to the destination information **216a**, and selects a destination corresponding to the mobile terminal. In this example, it is assumed that the SIP address of the IP telephone **21** is selected as the destination corresponding to the mobile terminal. After the destination is selected, the destination management unit **216** registers, as a new record in the call information **216b**, information on the selected destination, the caller, and the status of the call "ORIGINATING."

[0188] [Step S104] The destination management unit **216** passes to the SIP server **211** information on the selected destination (including the SIP address of the IP telephone **21**).

[0189] [Step S105] The SIP server **211** outputs to the IP telephone **21** a request for initiation of a session (INVITE), in which the destination outputted from the destination management unit **216** is designated.

[0190] [Step S106] The IP telephone **21** transmits to the SIP server **211** a notification of completion of session connection.

[0191] [Step S107] The SIP server **211** transmits to the switching processing unit **212** a notification of completion of session connection.

[0192] [Step S108] A connection for the call is established between the IP telephone **21** and the switching processing unit **212**.

[0193] [Step S109] The switching processing unit **212** returns to the mobile terminal **100** a response to the origination of the call by dialing, and establishes a connection

through the mobile telephone network **10**. Thus, the call between the IP telephone **21** and the mobile terminal **100** becomes possible.

[0194] [Step S110] Thereafter, the mobile terminal **100** detects the condition of the radio wave. When the condition of the radio wave is sufficiently good to perform communication, the mobile terminal **100** transmits to the SIP server **211** a request for registration of the status, where the SIP address of the mobile terminal **100** is included in the request.

[0195] [Step S111] The SIP server **211** outputs to the destination management unit **216** a request for reference to a record of calls, where the SIP address of the mobile terminal **100** is designated in the request.

[0196] [Step S112] The destination management unit **216** refers to the call information **216b**, and notifies the SIP server **211** that a call to the mobile terminal **100** is being currently continuing.

[0197] [Step S113] The SIP server **211** instructs the switching processing unit **212** to cancel the originated call. Thus, the switching processing unit **212** stops the origination of (i.e., hangs up) the call to the mobile terminal **100** through the mobile telephone network **10**.

[0198] [Step S114] The SIP server **211** outputs to the mobile terminal **100** a request for initiation of a session (INVITE).

[0199] [Step S115] The mobile terminal **100** transmits to the SIP server **211** a notification of completion of session connection.

[0200] [Step S116] The SIP server **211** transmits to the IP telephone **21** a transfer request in which the IP address of the switching processing unit **212** is designated.

[0201] [Step S117] The IP telephone **21** transmits to the mobile terminal **100** a notification of completion of session connection.

[0202] [Step S118] A connection for a call is established between the IP telephone **21** and the mobile terminal **100**.

[0203] As explained before, it is possible to continue a call by automatically switching communication mediums at the terminal side according to the circumstances, and dynamically switching between the telephone call and the VoIP call in synchronization with the switching of the communication mediums.

[0204] In addition, a standby operation for receiving an incoming call is performed at the wireless-telephone communication unit **112** in the mobile terminal **100**, and a VoIP call is placed by establishing a connection to a network such as a wireless LAN with a network device when the mobile terminal **100** receives an incoming call. That is, it is possible to perform a standby operation through the mobile telephone network **10** even while a VoIP call is being made. Thus, it is unnecessary to continuously operate a wireless LAN device, which consumes great electric power, and therefore the battery lasts longer.

[0205] Further, as explained before, when the communication medium used in a call is changed, the call-management server **200** temporarily maintains a VoIP call, and the function of a three-way call temporarily maintains both of the connection for the VoIP call and the connection for a

voice call through the mobile telephone network **10**. Therefore, it is possible to dispense with the processing for reconnection in accordance with SIP, and dynamically and smoothly switch from a voice call through the mobile telephone network **10** to a VoIP call, or from a VoIP call to a voice call through the mobile telephone network **10**, so that no interruption of communication occurs.

[0206] Furthermore, as explained before, when the condition of the wireless LAN is restored to enable the mobile terminal **100** to perform communication through the wireless LAN, the call-management server **200** is notified of the restored condition, and originates a VoIP call to the mobile terminal **100**. That is, it is possible to originate a VoIP call immediately after the condition of the wireless LAN is restored to enable the mobile terminal **100** to perform communication through the wireless LAN.

[0207] Moreover, since correspondence relationships between the SIP addresses and the telephone numbers of users are held in advance in the mobile terminal **100**, the mobile terminal **100** can access an opposite terminal by directly originating a call to an address of the opposite terminal. That is, the mobile terminal **100** can access the IP telephone as the opposite party, directly or through another ordinary SIP server, without being relayed by the call-management server **200**. Therefore, it is possible to reduce the load imposed on the call-management server **200**.

[0208] The above processing functions can be realized by computers. In this case, programs which describe details of processing realizing the functions which the mobile terminal and call-management server should have are provided. When computers execute the above programs, the processing functions of the mobile terminal and the call-management server according to the present invention are realized on the computers.

[0209] The above programs describing the details of processing can be stored in one or more computer-readable recording mediums. The computer-readable recording mediums may be a magnetic recording device, an optical disk, an optical magnetic recording medium, a semiconductor memory, or the like. The magnetic recording device may be a hard disk drive (HDD), a flexible disk (FD), a magnetic tape, or the like. The optical disk may be a DVD (Digital Versatile Disk), a DVD-RAM (Random Access Memory), a CD-ROM (Compact Disk Read Only Memory), a CD-R (Recordable)/RW (ReWritable), or the like. The optical magnetic recording medium may be an MO (Magneto-Optical Disk) or the like.

[0210] In order to put the programs into the market, for example, it is possible to sell a portable recording medium such as a DVD or a CD-ROM in which the programs are recorded. Alternatively, the above programs can be stored in a storage device belonging to a server computer, and transferred from the server computer to the above computers through a network.

[0211] The computer which executes each of the above programs stores the program in a storage device belonging to the computer, where the program is originally recorded in, for example, a portable recording medium, or transferred from the server computer. Then, the computer reads the program from the storage device, and performs processing in accordance with the program. Alternatively, the computer

may directly read the program from the portable recording medium for performing processing in accordance with the program. Further, the computer can sequentially execute processing in accordance with each portion of the program when the portion of the program is transferred from the server computer.

[0212] According to the present invention, when the condition of communication through a wireless LAN deteriorates and deviates from a predetermined criterion during a call through the wireless LAN, the call is switched from a connection through the wireless LAN to a connection through a wireless telephone network. On the other hand, when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is restored to satisfy the predetermined criterion during a call through the wireless telephone network, the call is switched from a connection through the wireless telephone network to a connection through the wireless LAN. Therefore, it is possible to dynamically switch the call between a connection through the wireless LAN and a connection through the wireless telephone network according to the condition of communication so that the wireless LAN is preferentially used.

[0213] The foregoing is considered as illustrative only of the principle of the present invention. Further, since numerous modifications and changes will readily occur to those skilled in the art, it is not desired to limit the invention to the exact construction and applications shown and described, and accordingly, all suitable modifications and equivalents may be regarded as falling within the scope of the invention in the appended claims and their equivalents.

What is claimed is:

1. A mobile terminal for making a wireless call, comprising:
 - a call-through-LAN unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless LAN;
 - a call-through-telephone-network unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless telephone network; and
 - a call switch unit which establishes a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit and switches from a first call through the call-through-LAN unit to a second call through the call-through-telephone-network unit when a condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit deteriorates and deviates from a predetermined criterion during the first call, and switches from a third call through the call-through-telephone-network unit to a fourth call through the call-through-LAN unit when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is restored to satisfy the predetermined criterion during the third call.
2. The mobile terminal according to claim 1, wherein said call-through-LAN unit stops operation when the mobile terminal does not perform communication through said wireless LAN,
 - said call-through-telephone-network unit is on standby for an incoming call when the call-through-telephone-network unit is not used for a call, and
 - when the call switch unit detects an incoming call at the call-through-telephone-network unit, said call switch

unit determines the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit, establishes a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit in the case where the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is outside said predetermined criterion, and activates said call-through-LAN unit and establishes a connection through the call-through-LAN unit in the case where the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit satisfies the predetermined criterion.

3. The mobile terminal according to claim 1, wherein said call-through-LAN unit stops operation when the mobile terminal does not perform communication through said wireless LAN, and

when the call switch unit receives a manipulation input which requests a call to telephone equipment, said call switch unit activates said call-through-LAN unit and determines the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit, establishes a connection through the call-through-LAN unit in the case where the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit satisfies said predetermined criterion, and establishes a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit in the case where the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is outside the predetermined criterion.

4. A mobile terminal for making a wireless call, comprising:

a call-through-LAN unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless LAN, and stops operation when the mobile terminal does not perform communication through said wireless LAN;

a call-through-telephone-network unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless telephone network, and is on standby for an incoming call when the call-through-telephone-network unit is not used for a call; and

a call switch unit;

wherein when the call switch unit detects an incoming call at the call-through-telephone-network unit, said call switch unit determines a condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit, establishes a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit in the case where the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is outside a predetermined criterion, and activates said call-through-LAN unit and establishes a connection through the call-through-LAN unit in the case where the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit satisfies the predetermined criterion.

5. A mobile-terminal-control program which is to be executed by a computer and makes said computer perform a process for controlling a mobile terminal which includes,

a call-through-LAN unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless LAN, and

a call-through-telephone-network unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless telephone network;

said process comprises the steps of:

(a) establishing a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit and switching from a first call through the call-through-LAN unit to a second call through the call-through-telephone-network unit, when a condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit deteriorates and deviates from a predetermined criterion during the first call; and

(b) switching from the second call to a third call through the call-through-LAN unit, when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is restored to satisfy the predetermined criterion during the second call.

6. A mobile-terminal-control program which is executed by a computer and makes said computer perform a process for controlling a mobile terminal which includes,

a call-through-LAN unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless LAN, and stops operation when the mobile terminal does not perform communication through said wireless LAN, and

a call-through-telephone-network unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless telephone network, and is on standby for an incoming call when the call-through-telephone-network unit is not used for a call;

said process comprises the steps of:

(a) determining a condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit when an incoming call is detected at the call-through-telephone-network unit; and

(b) establishing a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is outside a predetermined criterion, and activating said call-through-LAN unit and establishing a connection through the call-through-LAN unit when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit satisfies the predetermined criterion.

7. A process for controlling a mobile terminal which includes,

a call-through-LAN unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless LAN, and

a call-through-telephone-network unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless telephone network;

said process comprises the steps of:

(a) establishing a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit and switching from a first call through the call-through-LAN unit to a second call through the call-through-telephone-network unit, when a condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit deteriorates and deviates from a predetermined criterion during the first call; and

(b) switching from the second call to a third call through the call-through-LAN unit, when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is restored to satisfy the predetermined criterion during the second call.

8. A process for controlling a mobile terminal which includes,

- a call-through-LAN unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless LAN, and stops operation when the mobile terminal does not perform communication through said wireless LAN, and
- a call-through-telephone-network unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless telephone network, and is on standby for an incoming call when the call-through-telephone-network unit is not used for a call;

said process comprises the steps of:

- (a) determining a condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit when an incoming call is detected at the call-through-telephone-network unit; and
- (b) establishing a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is outside a predetermined criterion, and activating said call-through-LAN unit and establishing a connection through the call-through-LAN unit when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit satisfies the predetermined criterion.

9. A computer-readable storage medium storing a mobile-terminal-control program which makes a computer perform a process for controlling a mobile terminal including,

- a call-through-LAN unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless LAN, and
- a call-through-telephone-network unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless telephone network;

said process comprises the steps of:

- (a) establishing a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit and switching from a first call through the call-through-LAN unit to a second call through the call-through-telephone-network unit, when a condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit deteriorates and deviates from a predetermined criterion during the first call; and
- (b) switching from the second call to a third call through the call-through-LAN unit, when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is restored to satisfy the predetermined criterion during the second call.

10. A computer-readable storage medium storing a mobile-terminal-control program which makes a computer perform a process for controlling a mobile terminal including,

- a call-through-LAN unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless LAN, and stops operation when the mobile terminal does not perform communication through said wireless LAN, and
- a call-through-telephone-network unit which has a function of making a call through a wireless telephone network, and is on standby for an incoming call when the call-through-telephone-network unit is not used for a call;

said process comprises the steps of:

- (a) determining a condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit when an incoming call is detected at the call-through-telephone-network unit; and
- (b) establishing a connection through the call-through-telephone-network unit when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit is outside a predetermined criterion, and activating said call-through-LAN unit and establishing a connection through the call-through-LAN unit when the condition of communication realized by the call-through-LAN unit satisfies the predetermined criterion.

11. A call-management-server program which is executed by a computer and makes said computer perform a call-management process for management of calls between telephone equipment and a mobile terminal, said call-management process comprises the steps of:

- (a) establishing, by a call-through-telephone-network management unit, a connection between said mobile terminal and said telephone equipment through a wireless telephone network when an incoming call from the mobile terminal is received through the wireless telephone network during a call placed between the telephone equipment and the mobile terminal through a wireless LAN;
- (b) disconnecting, by a call-through-LAN management unit, a first session established with the mobile terminal through said wireless LAN;
- (c) establishing, by said call-through-LAN management unit, a second session with said mobile terminal through said wireless LAN when information indicating restoration of communication through the wireless LAN is received from said mobile terminal; and
- (d) disconnecting, by said call-through-telephone-network management unit, said connection between said mobile terminal and said telephone equipment through said wireless telephone network.

12. The call-management-server program according to claim 11, wherein in step (b), said call-through-LAN management unit disconnects said first session after temporarily realizing a three-way calling state in which both of a connection between the telephone equipment and the mobile terminal through said wireless LAN and said connection between said mobile terminal and said telephone equipment through said wireless telephone network are concurrently maintained.

13. A call-management-server program which is executed by a computer and makes said computer perform a call-management process for management of calls between telephone equipment and a mobile terminal, said call-management process comprises the steps of:

- (a) establishing, by a call-through-LAN management unit, a session with said telephone equipment in response to a request from said telephone equipment for connection to said mobile terminal;
- (b) originating, by a call-through-telephone-network management unit, a call to said mobile terminal through a wireless telephone network; and

- (c) establishing a session with said mobile terminal through a wireless LAN and establishing a connection between said telephone equipment and said mobile terminal through the wireless LAN, by said call-through-LAN management unit, when a request for initiation of a session through the wireless LAN is received from the mobile terminal.

14. A call-management server for management of calls between telephone equipment and a mobile terminal, comprising:

- a call-through-telephone-network management unit which establishes a connection between said mobile terminal and said telephone equipment through a wireless telephone network when an incoming call from the mobile terminal is received through the wireless telephone network during a call placed between the telephone equipment and the mobile terminal through a wireless LAN; and

a call-through-LAN management unit which disconnects a first session established with the mobile terminal through said wireless LAN when said connection is established by said call-through-telephone-network management unit, and connects a second session with said mobile terminal through said wireless LAN when information indicating restoration of communication through the wireless LAN is received from said mobile terminal.

15. A call-management server for management of calls between telephone equipment and a mobile terminal, comprising:

a call-through-LAN management unit which establishes a session with said telephone equipment in response to a request from said telephone equipment for connection to said mobile terminal, and establishes a session with said mobile terminal through a wireless LAN and a connection between said telephone equipment and said mobile terminal through the wireless LAN when a request for initiation of a session through the wireless LAN is received from the mobile terminal; and

- a call-through-telephone-network management unit which originates a call to said mobile terminal through a wireless telephone network in response to said request from said telephone equipment.

16. A call-management process for management of calls between telephone equipment and a mobile terminal in a call-management server, comprising the steps of:

- (a) establishing, by a call-through-telephone-network management unit, a connection between said mobile terminal and said telephone equipment through a wireless telephone network when an incoming call from the mobile terminal is received through the wireless telephone network during a call placed between the telephone equipment and the mobile terminal through a wireless LAN;
- (b) disconnecting, by a call-through-LAN management unit, a first session established with the mobile terminal through said wireless LAN;
- (c) establishing, by said call-through-LAN management unit, a second session with said mobile terminal through said wireless LAN when information indicat-

ing restoration of communication through the wireless LAN is received from said mobile terminal; and

- (d) disconnecting, by said call-through-telephone-network management unit, said connection between said mobile terminal and said telephone equipment through said wireless telephone network.

17. A call-management process for management of calls between telephone equipment and a mobile terminal in a call-management server, comprising the steps of:

- (a) establishing, by a call-through-LAN management unit, a session with said telephone equipment in response to a request from said telephone equipment for connection to said mobile terminal;
- (b) originating, by a call-through-telephone-network management unit, a call to said mobile terminal through a wireless telephone network; and
- (c) establishing a session with said mobile terminal through a wireless LAN and establishing a connection between said telephone equipment and said mobile terminal through the wireless LAN, by said call-through-LAN management unit, when a request for initiation of a session through the wireless LAN is received from the mobile terminal.

18. A computer-readable storage medium storing a call-management-server program which is executed by a computer and makes said computer perform a call-management process for management of calls between telephone equipment and a mobile terminal, said call-management process comprises the steps of:

- (a) establishing, by a call-through-telephone-network management unit, a connection between said mobile terminal and said telephone equipment through a wireless telephone network when an incoming call from the mobile terminal is received through the wireless telephone network during a call placed between the telephone equipment and the mobile terminal through a wireless LAN;
- (b) disconnecting, by a call-through-LAN management unit, a first session established with the mobile terminal through said wireless LAN;
- (c) establishing, by said call-through-LAN management unit, a second session with said mobile terminal through said wireless LAN when information indicating restoration of communication through the wireless LAN is received from said mobile terminal; and
- (d) disconnecting, by said call-through-telephone-network management unit, said connection between said mobile terminal and said telephone equipment through said wireless telephone network.

19. A computer-readable storage medium storing a call-management-server program which is executed by a computer and makes said computer perform a call-management process for management of calls between telephone equipment and a mobile terminal, said call-management process comprises the steps of:

- (a) establishing, by a call-through-LAN management unit, a session with said telephone equipment in response to a request from said telephone equipment for connection to said mobile terminal;

- (b) originating, by a call-through-telephone-network management unit, a call to said mobile terminal through a wireless telephone network; and
- (c) establishing a session with said mobile terminal through a wireless LAN and establishing a connection between said telephone equipment and said mobile

terminal through the wireless LAN, by said call-through-LAN management unit, when a request for initiation of a session through the wireless LAN is received from the mobile terminal.

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