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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
11/774,698	07/09/2007	Jack R. Auld	3260	3745	
26356 ALCON	7590 02/25/200	EXAM	IINER		
IP LEGAL, TB			RADKOWSKI, PETER		
6201 SOUTH F FORT WORTH			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2883		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			02/25/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Ex. 2047-001

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	11/774,698	AULD ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	PETER RADKOWSKI	2883			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	E DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tighting the solution of the solut	N. imely filed In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>0</u> 9	9 July 2007.				
	This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	wance except for formal matters, pr	osecution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the applicat	ion.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	drawn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>7/9/2007</u> is/are: a)∑	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to by t	he Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor	rection is required if the drawing(s) is ol	bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		a)-(d) or (f).			
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application from the International Bur	•	red in this National Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a		ed			
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Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summar				
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:					

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Detailed Office Action

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 4, 9-11, 14, 18-19 and 25-26

2. **Claims 1, 4, 9-11, 14, 18-19 and 25-26 are rejected** under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Bahmanyar et al. (6,096,028) in view of Andersen et al. (2007/0121069)

From hereinafter, Bahmanyar will stand-in for Bahmanyar et al., and Andersen will stand-in for Andersen et al.

Regarding Claims 1, 4, 9-11, 14, 18-19 and 25-26, Bahmanyar teaches an ophthalmic laser probe device [53b], and method for using an ophthalmic laser probe device, the device comprising: a housing [39] containing an emitting optical fiber for emitting a beam of light [33]; two or more receiving optical fibers [23], each of the two or more receiving optical fibers located opposite the emitting optical fiber, each of the two or more receiving optical fibers for receiving a beam of light diffracted by the optics [57] and [37], the optics being located between distal end [51] and proximal end [25]. (See fig. 8, and col. 6, ll. 16-27)

Further regarding Claims 1, 4, 9-11, 14, 18-19 and 25-26, Bahmanyar does not explicitly teach optics for diffracting a beam of incident light into two or more diffracted beams of light to generate a two dimensional array of beam spots. However, Andersen teaches a beam diffraction element [76], and a method of using a beam diffraction element, which directs light from beam [11] into subbeams [11a] and [11b]. (See Andersen, fig. 9, and par. [0045], ll. 1-5). Since Bahmanyar and Andersen both teach optical probe treatment devices and methods, it

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would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Bahmanyar to have the optics taught by Andersen because the resultant configuration and method of using would have allowed for simultaneous and/or sequential beam multiplication, including the focusing of multiple beams to generate an array of simultaneous spots. (See Andersen, par. [0046], Il. 1-15) One would have been motivated to make this modification because generating an array of light spots would increase the versatility of a laser probe.

Claims 1-3, 5-7, 11-13, 15-17, and 20-24

3. Claims 1-3, 5-7, 11-13, 15-17, and 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Bahmanyar et al. (6,096,028) further in view of Andersen et al. (2007/0121069), and further in view of Blumenkranz et al. (2006/0195076).

From hereinafter, Blumenkranz will stand-in for Blumenkranz et al.

Regarding Claims 1, 11, and 20, Bahmanyar in view of Andersen, teaches a laser probe device with diffractive optics and multiple fibers for generating an array of beam spots. (See above.)

Regarding Claims 2-3, 5-7, 12-13, 15-17, and 21-24, Bahmanyar in view of Andersen, does not explicitly teach aspherical, collimating, or hologram-like optics. However, Blumenkranz teaches an elongated focusing column using: non-spherical (aspherical) optics, utilizing spherical aberrations, Hologram elements. (See Blumenkranz, par. [0066], ll. 1-5). Since Bahmanyar, Andersen, and Blumenkranz all teach laser probe devices, and methods of using laser probe devices, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Bahmanyar, in view of Andersen, to have the optical device and methods taught by Blumenkranz because the resultant configuration would have been capable of imaging multiple focal points at different depths inside tissue. (See Blumenkranz, fig. 8, and par. [0067], ll. 4-5) One would have been motivated to make this modification because the ability to apply optical energies as an array of beam spots focusing at different depths would increase the efficiency of the probe device.

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Claims 1, and 6-8

4. **Claims 1 and 6-8 are rejected** under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Bahmanyar et al. (6,096,028) further in view of Andersen et al. (2007/0121069), further in view of Blumenkranz et al. (2006/0195076) and further in view of McGowan, Sr. et al. (2005/0154379).

From hereinafter, McGowan will stand-in for McGowan, Sr. et al.

Regarding Claims 1 and 6-7, Bahmanyar in view of Andersen, and further in view of Blumenkranz teaches a laser probe device with diffractive optics and multiple fibers for generating an array of beam spots focused at different depths. (See above.)

Regarding Claim 8, Bahmanyar in view of Andersen, and further in view of Blumenkranz does not explicitly teach that one of the receiving optical fibers has a bent distal end. However, McGowan teaches an optical fiber [20] with a bent distal end [25]. (See McGowan, fig. 2a) Since Bahmanyar, Andersen, Blumenkranz and McGowan all each optical probe devices, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Bahmanyar in view of Andersen, and further in view of Blumenkranz, to have the bent distal configuration taught by McGowan because the resultant configuration would be able to apply laser energy to the peripheral area of the retina. (See McGowan, par. [0006], Il. 7-9) One would have been motivated to make this modification because the ability to apply energies away from the center, posterior area of the retina enhances the applicability of the probe to a wider variety of surgical needs.

Claims 1, and 6-8, 20 and 27

5. Claims 20 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Bahmanyar et al. (6,096,028) further in view of Andersen et al. (2007/0121069), and further in view of Connor (5,630,809).

Regarding Claim 20, Bahmanyar in view of Andersen, teaches a laser probe device with diffractive optics and multiple fibers for generating an array of beam spots. (See above.)

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Regarding Claim 27, Bahmanyar in view of Andersen, does not explicitly teach a centering cannula. However, Connor teaches a cannula [33] which shapes the light beam [31]. (See Connor, fig. 1) Since Bahmanyar, Andersen, and Connor teach optical probes, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Bahmanyar in view of Andersen to have the cannula taught by Connor because the resultant configuration would allow for different shapes and sizes of light beam arrays. (See Connor, col. 2, ll. 64-67) One would have been motivated to make this modification because the ability to modify the shape of the beam array would improve the versatility by which the laser probe can apply light energies.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record in Form 892 and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Peter Radkowski whose telephone number is (571) 270-1613. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday, 8 AM to 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frank G. Font, can be reached on (517) 272-2415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, See http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at (866) 217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call (800) 786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or (571) 272-1000.

/Peter P. Radkowski/ 2/9/2008 /James P. Hughes/

Examiner, Art

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Notice of References Cited Application/Control No. 11/774,698 Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination AULD ET AL. Examiner PETER RADKOWSKI Art Unit Page 1 of 2

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*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
*	Α	US-4,865,029 A	09-1989	Pankratov et al.	606/4
*	В	US-5,275,593 A	01-1994	Easley et al.	606/4
*	C	US-5,356,407 A	10-1994	Easley et al.	606/4
*	D	US-5,630,809 A	05-1997	Connor, Christopher S.	606/4
*	Е	US-5,973,779 A	10-1999	Ansari et al.	356/301
*	F	US-6,066,128 A	05-2000	Bahmanyar et al.	606/4
*	G	US-6,080,143 A	06-2000	Connor, Christopher Sheldon	606/4
*	Ι	US-6,096,028 A	08-2000	Bahmanyar et al.	606/4
*	I	US-6,241,721 B1	06-2001	Cozean et al.	606/6
*	J	US-2002/0013572 A1	01-2002	Berlin, Michael S.	606/4
*	K	US-2002/0111608 A1	08-2002	Baerveldt et al.	606/6
*	L	US-6,520,956 B1	02-2003	Huang, David	606/5
*	М	US-2004/0116909 A1	06-2004	Neuberger et al.	606/004

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*	Α	US-2005/0154379 A1	07-2005	McGowan et al.	606/004
*	В	US-2005/0240168 A1	10-2005	Neuberger et al.	606/004
*	O	US-2005/0245916 A1	11-2005	Connor, Christopher S.	606/004
*	D	US-2006/0106370 A1	05-2006	Baerveldt et al.	606/004
*	Е	US-2006/0195076 A1	08-2006	Blumenkranz et al.	606/004
*	F	US-2007/0121069 A1	05-2007	Andersen et al.	351/221
*	G	US-2007/0265602 A1	11-2007	Mordaunt et al.	606/004
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*	D	US-2006/0106370 A1	05-2006	Baerveldt et al.	606/004
*	Е	US-2006/0195076 A1	08-2006	Blumenkranz et al.	606/004
*	F	US-2007/0121069 A1	05-2007	Andersen et al.	351/221
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